

# Package ‘ComplexUpset’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Create Complex UpSet Plots Using 'ggplot2' Components

**Version** 1.3.3

**Description** UpSet plots are an improvement over Venn Diagram for set overlap visualizations. Striving to bring the best of the 'UpSetR' and 'ggplot2', this package offers a way to create complex overlap visualisations, using simple and familiar tools, i.e. geoms of 'ggplot2'. For introduction to UpSet concept, see Lex et al. (2014) <[doi:10.1109/TVCG.2014.2346248](https://doi.org/10.1109/TVCG.2014.2346248)>.

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**Encoding** UTF-8

**URL** <https://github.com/krassowski/complex-upset>,  
<https://krassowski.github.io/complex-upset/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/krassowski/complex-upset/issues>

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---

aes_percentage	<i>Generate mapping for labeling percentages</i>
----------------	--

---

## Description

Generate mapping for labeling percentages

## Usage

```
aes_percentage(relative_to, digits = 0, sep = "")
```

## Arguments

relative_to	defines proportion that should be calculated, relative to 'intersection', 'group', or 'all' observed values
digits	number of digits to show (default=0)
sep	separator separator between the digit and percent sign (no separator by default)

---

arrange_venn	<i>Arrange points for Venn diagram</i>
--------------	--

---

## Description

Arrange points for Venn diagram

## Usage

```
arrange_venn(  
  data,  
  sets = NULL,  
  radius = 1.5,  
  max_iterations = 10,  
  verbose = FALSE,  
  outwards_adjust = 1.3,  
  extract_sets = FALSE,  
  extract_regions = FALSE,  
  repeat_in_intersections = FALSE,  
  starting_grid_size = "auto"  
)
```

## Arguments

data	a dataframe including binary columns representing membership in sets
sets	vector with names of columns representing membership in sets
radius	the radius of the circle
max_iterations	the maximal number of iterations
verbose	should debugging notes be printed?
outwards_adjust	the multiplier defining the distance from the centre
extract_sets	should only sets be extracted?
extract_regions	should all unique regions be extracted?
repeat_in_intersections	repeat intersection k times where k is the number of sets it belongs to?
starting_grid_size	the starting size of the grid for placement of elements

---

 compare\_between\_intersections

*Compare covariates between intersections*


---

## Description

Compare covariates between intersections

## Usage

```
compare_between_intersections(
  data,
  intersect,
  test = kruskal.test,
  tests = list(),
  ignore = list(),
  ignore_mode_columns = TRUE,
  mode = "exclusive_intersection",
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

data	a dataframe including binary columns representing membership in classes
intersect	which columns should be used to compose the intersection
test	the default test function; it is expected to accept formula and data parameters, and a list with p.value, statistic, and method
tests	a named list with tests for specific variables, overwriting the default test
ignore	a list with names of variables to exclude from testing
ignore_mode_columns	whether the membership columns and size columns for all modes should be ignored
mode	region selection mode; note that modes other than exclusive_intersection repeat observations in different test group, introducing dependencies. See get_size_mode() for accepted values.
...	passed to upset_data()

---

```
create_upset_abc_example
```

*Create an example dataset with three sets: A, B and C*

---

### Description

Create an example dataset with three sets: A, B and C

### Usage

```
create_upset_abc_example()
```

---

```
geom_venn_circle
```

*Circle for Venn diagram*

---

### Description

Circle for Venn diagram

### Usage

```
geom_venn_circle(
  data,
  mapping = aes_(),
  sets = NULL,
  radius = 1.5,
  resolution = 100,
  size = 0.8,
  color = "black",
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

data	a dataframe including binary columns representing membership in sets
mapping	the aesthetics mapping
sets	vector with names of columns representing membership in sets
radius	the radius of the circle
resolution	the resolution of the circle rasterizer
size	width of the outline
color	the color of the outline
...	Arguments passed on to <a href="#">ggplot2::geom_polygon</a>
stat	The statistical transformation to use on the data for this layer, as a string.

- `position` Position adjustment, either as a string, or the result of a call to a position adjustment function.
- `rule` Either "evenodd" or "winding". If polygons with holes are being drawn (using the subgroup aesthetic) this argument defines how the hole coordinates are interpreted. See the examples in `grid::pathGrob()` for an explanation.
- `na.rm` If FALSE, the default, missing values are removed with a warning. If TRUE, missing values are silently removed.
- `show.legend` logical. Should this layer be included in the legends? NA, the default, includes if any aesthetics are mapped. FALSE never includes, and TRUE always includes. It can also be a named logical vector to finely select the aesthetics to display.
- `inherit.aes` If FALSE, overrides the default aesthetics, rather than combining with them. This is most useful for helper functions that define both data and aesthetics and shouldn't inherit behaviour from the default plot specification, e.g. `borders()`.

---

geom\_venn\_label\_region

*Label for a region of Venn diagram*

---

## Description

Label for a region of Venn diagram

## Usage

```
geom_venn_label_region(
  data,
  mapping = aes_(),
  sets = NULL,
  outwards_adjust = 1.3,
  fill = alpha("white", 0.85),
  size = 5,
  label.size = 0,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

<code>data</code>	a dataframe including binary columns representing membership in sets
<code>mapping</code>	the aesthetics mapping
<code>sets</code>	vector with names of columns representing membership in sets
<code>outwards_adjust</code>	the multiplier defining the distance from the centre

fill	the fill of the label
size	the text size
label.size	the size of the label outline
...	Arguments passed on to <code>ggplot2::geom_label</code>
stat	The statistical transformation to use on the data for this layer, as a string.
position	Position adjustment, either as a string, or the result of a call to a position adjustment function. Cannot be jointly specified with <code>nudge_x</code> or <code>nudge_y</code> .
parse	If TRUE, the labels will be parsed into expressions and displayed as described in <code>?plotmath</code> .
nudge_x	Horizontal and vertical adjustment to nudge labels by. Useful for offsetting text from points, particularly on discrete scales. Cannot be jointly specified with <code>position</code> .
nudge_y	Horizontal and vertical adjustment to nudge labels by. Useful for offsetting text from points, particularly on discrete scales. Cannot be jointly specified with <code>position</code> .
label.padding	Amount of padding around label. Defaults to 0.25 lines.
label.r	Radius of rounded corners. Defaults to 0.15 lines.
na.rm	If FALSE, the default, missing values are removed with a warning. If TRUE, missing values are silently removed.
show.legend	logical. Should this layer be included in the legends? NA, the default, includes if any aesthetics are mapped. FALSE never includes, and TRUE always includes. It can also be a named logical vector to finely select the aesthetics to display.
inherit.aes	If FALSE, overrides the default aesthetics, rather than combining with them. This is most useful for helper functions that define both data and aesthetics and shouldn't inherit behaviour from the default plot specification, e.g. <code>borders()</code> .

---

geom\_venn\_label\_set    *Label for a set of Venn diagram*

---

## Description

Label for a set of Venn diagram

## Usage

```
geom_venn_label_set(
  data,
  mapping = aes_(),
  sets = NULL,
  outwards_adjust = 2.5,
  fill = alpha("white", 0.85),
```

```

    size = 5,
    label.size = 0,
    ...
  )

```

## Arguments

<code>data</code>	a dataframe including binary columns representing membership in sets
<code>mapping</code>	the aesthetics mapping
<code>sets</code>	vector with names of columns representing membership in sets
<code>outwards_adjust</code>	the multiplier defining the distance from the centre
<code>fill</code>	the fill of the label
<code>size</code>	the text size
<code>label.size</code>	the size of the label outline
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed on to <a href="#">ggplot2::geom_label</a>
<code>stat</code>	The statistical transformation to use on the data for this layer, as a string.
<code>position</code>	Position adjustment, either as a string, or the result of a call to a position adjustment function. Cannot be jointly specified with <code>nudge_x</code> or <code>nudge_y</code> .
<code>parse</code>	If TRUE, the labels will be parsed into expressions and displayed as described in <code>?plotmath</code> .
<code>nudge_x</code>	Horizontal and vertical adjustment to nudge labels by. Useful for off-setting text from points, particularly on discrete scales. Cannot be jointly specified with <code>position</code> .
<code>nudge_y</code>	Horizontal and vertical adjustment to nudge labels by. Useful for off-setting text from points, particularly on discrete scales. Cannot be jointly specified with <code>position</code> .
<code>label.padding</code>	Amount of padding around label. Defaults to 0.25 lines.
<code>label.r</code>	Radius of rounded corners. Defaults to 0.15 lines.
<code>na.rm</code>	If FALSE, the default, missing values are removed with a warning. If TRUE, missing values are silently removed.
<code>show.legend</code>	logical. Should this layer be included in the legends? NA, the default, includes if any aesthetics are mapped. FALSE never includes, and TRUE always includes. It can also be a named logical vector to finely select the aesthetics to display.
<code>inherit.aes</code>	If FALSE, overrides the default aesthetics, rather than combining with them. This is most useful for helper functions that define both data and aesthetics and shouldn't inherit behaviour from the default plot specification, e.g. <code>borders()</code> .



---

geom_venn_region	<i>Region of Venn diagram</i>
------------------	-------------------------------

---

## Description

Region of Venn diagram

## Usage

```
geom_venn_region(data, mapping = aes_(), sets = NULL, resolution = 250, ...)
```

## Arguments

data	a dataframe including binary columns representing membership in sets
mapping	the aesthetics mapping
sets	vector with names of columns representing membership in sets
resolution	the resolution of the circle rasterizer
...	Arguments passed on to <code>ggplot2::geom_polygon</code>

stat The statistical transformation to use on the data for this layer, as a string.

position Position adjustment, either as a string, or the result of a call to a position adjustment function.

rule Either "evenodd" or "winding". If polygons with holes are being drawn (using the subgroup aesthetic) this argument defines how the hole coordinates are interpreted. See the examples in `grid::pathGrob()` for an explanation.

na.rm If FALSE, the default, missing values are removed with a warning. If TRUE, missing values are silently removed.

show.legend logical. Should this layer be included in the legends? NA, the default, includes if any aesthetics are mapped. FALSE never includes, and TRUE always includes. It can also be a named logical vector to finely select the aesthetics to display.

inherit.aes If FALSE, overrides the default aesthetics, rather than combining with them. This is most useful for helper functions that define both data and aesthetics and shouldn't inherit behaviour from the default plot specification, e.g. `borders()`.

---

get_size_mode	<i>Retrieve symbol for given mode that can be used in aesthetics mapping with double bang (!!)</i>
---------------	--

---

**Description**

Retrieve symbol for given mode that can be used in aesthetics mapping with double bang (!!)

**Usage**

```
get_size_mode(mode, suffix = "_size")
```

**Arguments**

mode	the mode to use. Accepted values: <code>exclusive_intersection</code> (alias <code>distinct</code> ), <code>inclusive_intersection</code> (alias <code>intersect</code> ), <code>inclusive_union</code> (alias <code>union</code> ), <code>exclusive_union</code> .
suffix	the column suffix in use as passed to <code>upset_data()</code>

---

intersection_matrix	<i>Prepare layers for sets sizes plot</i>
---------------------	---

---

**Description**

Prepare layers for sets sizes plot

**Usage**

```
intersection_matrix(
  geom = geom_point(size = 3),
  segment = geom_segment(),
  outline_color = list(active = "black", inactive = "grey70")
)
```

**Arguments**

geom	a <code>geom_point</code> call, allowing to specify parameters (e.g. <code>geom=geom_point(shape='square')</code> )
segment	a <code>geom_segment</code> call, allowing to specify parameters (e.g. <code>segment=geom_segment(linetype='dotted')</code> )
outline_color	a named list with two colors for outlines of active and inactive dots

---

intersection\_ratio      *Barplot annotation of relative intersections sizes*

---

### Description

A large intersection size can be driven by a large number of members in a group; to account for that, one can divide the intersection size by the size of a union of the same groups. This cannot be calculated for the null intersection (observations which do not belong to either of the groups).

### Usage

```
intersection_ratio(
  mapping = aes(),
  counts = TRUE,
  bar_number_threshold = 0.75,
  text_colors = c(on_background = "black", on_bar = "white"),
  text = list(),
  text_mapping = aes(),
  mode = "distinct",
  denominator_mode = "union",
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

mapping	additional aesthetics for <code>geom_bar()</code>
counts	whether to display count number labels above the bars
bar_number_threshold	if less than one, labels for bars height greater than this threshold will be placed on (not above) the bars
text_colors	a name vector of characters specifying the color when <code>on_background</code> and <code>on_bar</code> (see <code>bar_number_threshold</code> )
text	additional parameters passed to <code>geom_text()</code>
text_mapping	additional aesthetics for <code>geom_text()</code>
mode	region selection mode, defines which intersection regions will be accounted for when computing the size. See <code>get_size_mode()</code> for accepted values.
denominator_mode	region selection mode for computing the denominator in ratio. See <code>get_size_mode()</code> for accepted values.
...	Arguments passed on to <a href="#">intersection_size</a>
	position position passed to <code>geom_bar()</code>

---

intersection\_size      *Barplot annotation of intersections sizes*

---

### Description

Barplot annotation of intersections sizes

### Usage

```
intersection_size(
  mapping = aes(),
  counts = TRUE,
  bar_number_threshold = 0.85,
  text_colors = c(on_background = "black", on_bar = "white"),
  text = list(),
  text_mapping = aes(),
  mode = "distinct",
  position = position_stack(),
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

mapping	additional aesthetics for <code>geom_bar()</code>
counts	whether to display count number labels above the bars
bar_number_threshold	if less than one, labels for bars height greater than this threshold will be placed on (not above) the bars
text_colors	a name vector of characters specifying the color when <code>on_background</code> and <code>on_bar</code> (see <code>bar_number_threshold</code> )
text	additional parameters passed to <code>geom_text()</code>
text_mapping	additional aesthetics for <code>geom_text()</code>
mode	region selection mode, defines which intersection regions will be accounted for when computing the size. See <code>get_size_mode()</code> for accepted values.
position	position passed to <code>geom_bar()</code>
...	Arguments passed on to <code>ggplot2::geom_bar</code>
data	The data to be displayed in this layer. There are three options: If NULL, the default, the data is inherited from the plot data as specified in the call to <code>ggplot()</code> . A <code>data.frame</code> , or other object, will override the plot data. All objects will be fortified to produce a data frame. See <code>fortify()</code> for which variables will be created. A function will be called with a single argument, the plot data. The return value must be a <code>data.frame</code> , and will be used as the layer data. A function can be created from a formula (e.g. <code>~ head(.x, 10)</code> ).

`width` Bar width. By default, set to 90% of the resolution of the data.

`na.rm` If FALSE, the default, missing values are removed with a warning. If TRUE, missing values are silently removed.

`orientation` The orientation of the layer. The default (NA) automatically determines the orientation from the aesthetic mapping. In the rare event that this fails it can be given explicitly by setting orientation to either "x" or "y". See the *Orientation* section for more detail.

`show.legend` logical. Should this layer be included in the legends? NA, the default, includes if any aesthetics are mapped. FALSE never includes, and TRUE always includes. It can also be a named logical vector to finely select the aesthetics to display.

`inherit.aes` If FALSE, overrides the default aesthetics, rather than combining with them. This is most useful for helper functions that define both data and aesthetics and shouldn't inherit behaviour from the default plot specification, e.g. `borders()`.

`stat` Override the default connection between `geom_bar()` and `stat_count()`.

---

reverse_log_trans	<i>Logarithmic scale for use with upset_set_size()</i>
-------------------	--

---

### Description

Inspired by [Brian Diggs' answer](#) which is CC-BY-SA 4.0.

### Usage

```
reverse_log_trans(base = 10)
```

### Arguments

base	logarithm base (default 10)
------	-----------------------------

---

scale_color_venn_mix	<i>Color scale for Venn diagram</i>
----------------------	-------------------------------------

---

### Description

Color scale for Venn diagram

**Usage**

```
scale_color_venn_mix(
  data,
  sets = NULL,
  colors = c("red", "blue", "green"),
  na.value = "grey40",
  highlight = NULL,
  active_color = "orange",
  inactive_color = "NA",
  scale = scale_color_manual,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>data</code>	a dataframe including binary columns representing membership in sets
<code>sets</code>	vector with names of columns representing membership in sets
<code>colors</code>	named list of colors for sets (one set=one color)
<code>na.value</code>	value for elements not belonging to any of the sets
<code>highlight</code>	which regions of the diagram to highlight
<code>active_color</code>	color for highlight
<code>inactive_color</code>	color for lack of highlight
<code>scale</code>	the base scale (default= <code>scale_color_manual()</code> )
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed on to <code>ggplot2::scale_color_manual</code>

`values` a set of aesthetic values to map data values to. The values will be matched in order (usually alphabetical) with the limits of the scale, or with breaks if provided. If this is a named vector, then the values will be matched based on the names instead. Data values that don't match will be given `na.value`.

`aesthetics` Character string or vector of character strings listing the name(s) of the aesthetic(s) that this scale works with. This can be useful, for example, to apply colour settings to the `colour` and `fill` aesthetics at the same time, via `aesthetics = c("colour", "fill")`.

`breaks` One of:

- `NULL` for no breaks
- `waiver()` for the default breaks (the scale limits)
- A character vector of breaks
- A function that takes the limits as input and returns breaks as output

---

scale\_fill\_venn\_mix     *Fill scale for Venn diagram*

---

**Description**

Fill scale for Venn diagram

**Usage**

```
scale_fill_venn_mix(..., na.value = "NA")
```

**Arguments**

...	Arguments passed on to <a href="#">scale_color_venn_mix</a>
data	a dataframe including binary columns representing membership in sets
sets	vector with names of columns representing membership in sets
colors	named list of colors for sets (one set=one color)
highlight	which regions of the diagram to highlight
active_color	color for highlight
inactive_color	color for lack of highlight
scale	the base scale (default= <code>scale_color_manual()</code> )
na.value	value for elements not belonging to any of the known sets

---

upset     *Compose an UpSet plot*

---

**Description**

Compose an UpSet plot

**Usage**

```
upset(
  data,
  intersect,
  base_annotations = "auto",
  name = "group",
  annotations = list(),
  themes = upset_themes,
  stripes = upset_stripes(),
  labeller = identity,
  height_ratio = 0.5,
  width_ratio = 0.3,
  wrap = FALSE,
```

```

    set_sizes = upset_set_size(),
    mode = "distinct",
    queries = list(),
    guides = NULL,
    encode_sets = TRUE,
    matrix = intersection_matrix(),
    ...
)

```

## Arguments

<code>data</code>	a dataframe including binary columns representing membership in classes
<code>intersect</code>	which columns should be used to compose the intersection
<code>base_annotatons</code>	a named list with default annotations (i.e. the intersection size barplot)
<code>name</code>	the label shown below the intersection matrix
<code>annotations</code>	a named list of annotations, each being a list with: <code>list(aes=mapping, geom=geom or list of geoms);</code> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (optional) <code>highlight_geom=list</code> of geoms geoms which can be highlighted with queries,</li> <li>• (optional) <code>top_geom=list</code> of geoms which should show up on top of highlighted queries.</li> </ul>
<code>themes</code>	a named list of themes for components and annotations, see <code>upset_default_themes()/upset_modify_t</code>
<code>stripes</code>	specification of the stripes appearance created with <code>upset_stripes()</code>
<code>labeller</code>	function modifying the names of the sets (rows in the matrix)
<code>height_ratio</code>	ratio of the intersection matrix to intersection size height
<code>width_ratio</code>	ratio of the overall set size width to intersection matrix width
<code>wrap</code>	whether the plot should be wrapped into a group (makes adding a tile/combining with other plots easier)
<code>set_sizes</code>	the overall set sizes plot, e.g. from <code>upset_set_size()</code> (FALSE to hide)
<code>mode</code>	region selection mode for computing the number of elements in intersection fragment. See <code>get_size_mode()</code> for accepted values.
<code>queries</code>	a list of queries generated with <code>upset_query()</code>
<code>guides</code>	action for legends aggregation and placement ('keep', 'collect', 'over' the set sizes)
<code>encode_sets</code>	whether set names (column in input data) should be encoded as numbers (set to TRUE to overcome R limitations of max 10 kB for variable names for datasets with huge numbers of sets); default TRUE for <code>upset()</code> and FALSE for <code>upset_data()</code> .
<code>matrix</code>	the intersection matrix plot
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed on to <a href="#">upset_data</a>
	<code>min_size</code> minimal number of observations in an intersection for it to be included
	<code>max_size</code> maximal number of observations in an intersection for it to be included



`min_degree` minimal degree of an intersection for it to be included  
`max_degree` maximal degree of an intersection for it to be included  
`n_intersections` the exact number of the intersections to be displayed; n largest intersections that meet the size and degree criteria will be shown  
`keep_empty_groups` whether empty sets should be kept (including sets which are only empty after filtering by size)  
`warn_when_dropping_groups` whether a warning should be issued when empty sets are being removed  
`warn_when_converting` whether a warning should be issued when input is not boolean  
`sort_sets` whether to sort the rows in the intersection matrix (descending sort by default); one of: 'ascending', 'descending', FALSE  
`sort_intersections` whether to sort the columns in the intersection matrix (descending sort by default); one of: 'ascending', 'descending', FALSE  
`sort_intersections_by` the mode of sorting, the size of the intersection (cardinality) by default; one of: 'cardinality', 'degree', 'ratio', or any combination of these (e.g. `c('degree', 'cardinality')`)  
`sort_ratio_numerator` the mode for numerator when sorting by ratio  
`sort_ratio_denominator` the mode for denominator when sorting by ratio  
`group_by` the mode of grouping intersections; one of: 'degree', 'sets'  
`size_columns_suffix` suffix for the columns to store the sizes (adjust if conflicts with your data)  
`intersections` whether only the intersections present in data (observed, default), or all intersections (`all`) should be computed; using all intersections for a high number of sets is not computationally feasible - use `min_degree` and `max_degree` to narrow down the selection; this is only useful for modes different from the default exclusive intersection. You can also provide a list with a custom selection of intersections (order is respected when you set `sort_intersections=FALSE`)  
`max_combinations_datapoints_n` a fail-safe limit preventing accidental use of `intersections='all'` with a high number of sets and observations

---

upset\_annotate

*Annotation panel shorthand*


---

## Description

Simplifies creation of annotation panels, automatically building aesthetics mappings, at a cost of lower flexibility than when providing a custom mapping; `aes(x=intersection)` is prespecified.

## Usage

```
upset_annotate(y, geom)
```

**Arguments**

y	A string with the name of the y aesthetic
geom	A geom to be used as an annotation

---

upset_data	<i>Prepare data for UpSet plots</i>
------------	-------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Prepare data for UpSet plots

**Usage**

```
upset_data(
  data,
  intersect,
  min_size = 0,
  max_size = Inf,
  min_degree = 0,
  max_degree = Inf,
  n_intersections = NULL,
  keep_empty_groups = FALSE,
  warn_when_dropping_groups = FALSE,
  warn_when_converting = "auto",
  sort_sets = "descending",
  sort_intersections = "descending",
  sort_intersections_by = "cardinality",
  sort_ratio_numerator = "exclusive_intersection",
  sort_ratio_denominator = "inclusive_union",
  group_by = "degree",
  mode = "exclusive_intersection",
  size_columns_suffix = "_size",
  encode_sets = FALSE,
  max_combinations_datapoints_n = 10^10,
  intersections = "observed"
)
```

**Arguments**

data	a dataframe including binary columns representing membership in classes
intersect	which columns should be used to compose the intersection
min_size	minimal number of observations in an intersection for it to be included
max_size	maximal number of observations in an intersection for it to be included
min_degree	minimal degree of an intersection for it to be included
max_degree	maximal degree of an intersection for it to be included

n_intersections	the exact number of the intersections to be displayed; n largest intersections that meet the size and degree criteria will be shown
keep_empty_groups	whether empty sets should be kept (including sets which are only empty after filtering by size)
warn_when_dropping_groups	whether a warning should be issued when empty sets are being removed
warn_when_converting	whether a warning should be issued when input is not boolean
sort_sets	whether to sort the rows in the intersection matrix (descending sort by default); one of: 'ascending', 'descending', FALSE
sort_intersections	whether to sort the columns in the intersection matrix (descending sort by default); one of: 'ascending', 'descending', FALSE
sort_intersections_by	the mode of sorting, the size of the intersection (cardinality) by default; one of: 'cardinality', 'degree', 'ratio', or any combination of these (e.g. c('degree', 'cardinality'))
sort_ratio_numerator	the mode for numerator when sorting by ratio
sort_ratio_denominator	the mode for denominator when sorting by ratio
group_by	the mode of grouping intersections; one of: 'degree', 'sets'
mode	region selection mode for sorting and trimming by size. See get_size_mode() for accepted values.
size_columns_suffix	suffix for the columns to store the sizes (adjust if conflicts with your data)
encode_sets	whether set names (column in input data) should be encoded as numbers (set to TRUE to overcome R limitations of max 10 kB for variable names for datasets with huge numbers of sets); default TRUE for upset() and FALSE for upset_data()
max_combinations_datapoints_n	a fail-safe limit preventing accidental use of intersections='all' with a high number of sets and observations
intersections	whether only the intersections present in data (observed, default), or all intersections (all) should be computed; using all intersections for a high number of sets is not computationally feasible - use min_degree and max_degree to narrow down the selection; this is only useful for modes different from the default exclusive intersection. You can also provide a list with a custom selection of intersections (order is respected when you set sort_intersections=FALSE)

---

upset\_default\_themes    *Default themes modified by specified arguments*

---

**Description**

Return the default UpSet themes with all themes modified with provided arguments

**Usage**

```
upset_default_themes(...)
```

**Arguments**

...                    arguments passed to theme()

---

upset\_mode                    *Layer defining the intersection mode for the data to be displayed*

---

**Description**

By default the annotations are given data corresponding to the same mode as the mode of the passed in the upset() call.

**Usage**

```
upset_mode(mode)
```

**Arguments**

mode                    region selection mode, defines which mode data will be made available for the annotation. See get\_size\_mode() for accepted values.

---

upset\_modify\_themes    *Default themes modified by specified component-specific arguments*

---

**Description**

Return the default UpSet themes with specific themes modified with provided themes

**Usage**

```
upset_modify_themes(to_update)
```

**Arguments**

to\_update                a named list of themes to be used to modify themes of specific components; see names(upset\_themes) for components names.

---

upset_query	<i>Highlight chosen sets or intersections</i>
-------------	---

---

**Description**

Highlight sets or intersections matching specified query.

**Usage**

```
upset_query(
  set = NULL,
  intersect = NULL,
  group = NULL,
  only_components = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

set	name of the set to highlight
intersect	a vector of names for the intersection to highlight; pass NA to select the empty intersection
group	name of the set to highlight when using group_by='sets'
only_components	which components to modify; by default all eligible components will be modified; the available components are 'overall_sizes', 'intersections_matrix', 'Intersection size', and any annotations specified
...	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>passed to geoms in modified components</li> </ul>

**Examples**

```
upset_query(intersect=c('Drama', 'Comedy'), color='red', fill='red')
upset_query(set='Drama', fill='blue')
```

---

upset_set_size	<i>Prepare layers for sets sizes plot</i>
----------------	---

---

**Description**

Prepare layers for sets sizes plot

**Usage**

```
upset_set_size(
  mapping = aes(),
  geom = geom_bar(width = 0.6),
  position = "left",
  filter_intersections = FALSE
)
```

**Arguments**

mapping	additional aesthetics
geom	a geom to use
position	on which side of the plot should the set sizes be displayed ('left' or 'right')
filter_intersections	whether the intersections filters (e.g. n_intersections or min_size) should influence displayed set sizes

---

upset_stripes	<i>Define appearance of the stripes</i>
---------------	---

---

**Description**

Define appearance of the stripes

**Usage**

```
upset_stripes(
  mapping = aes(),
  geom = geom_segment(size = 7),
  colors = c("white", "grey95"),
  data = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

mapping	additional aesthetics
geom	a geom to use, should accept x, y, xend, yend and color aesthetics
colors	a vector of colors to repeat as many times as needed for the fill of stripes, or a named vector specifying colors for values of the variable mapped to the color aesthetics in the mapping argument
data	the dataset describing the sets with a column named set and any other columns as needed for mapping

---

upset_test	<i>Test for differences between intersections</i>
------------	---

---

**Description**

This is a wrapper around `compare_between_intersections()`, adding sorting by FDR, warnings, etc.

**Usage**

```
upset_test(data, intersect, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>data</code>	a dataframe including binary columns representing membership in classes
<code>intersect</code>	which columns should be used to compose the intersection
<code>...</code>	Arguments passed on to <a href="#">compare_between_intersections</a>
<code>test</code>	the default test function; it is expected to accept formula and data parameters, and a list with p.value, statistic, and method
<code>tests</code>	a named list with tests for specific variables, overwriting the default test
<code>ignore</code>	a list with names of variables to exclude from testing
<code>ignore_mode_columns</code>	whether the membership columns and size columns for all modes should be ignored
<code>mode</code>	region selection mode; note that modes other than <code>exclusive_intersection</code> repeat observations in different test group, introducing dependencies. See <code>get_size_mode()</code> for accepted values.

---

<code>upset_text_percentage</code>	<i>Generate percentage label of the intersection/union sizes ratio</i>
------------------------------------	--

---

**Description**

For use together with `intersection_size` or `intersection_ratio`

**Usage**

```
upset_text_percentage(digits = 0, sep = "", mode = "distinct")
```

**Arguments**

<code>digits</code>	How many digits to show when rounding the percentage?
<code>sep</code>	set to space ( ' ') if you prefer a whitespace between the number and the % sign.
<code>mode</code>	region selection mode for computing the numerator in ratio. See <code>get_size_mode()</code> for accepted values.

**Examples**

```
ggplot2::aes(label=!!upset_text_percentage())
```

---

`upset_themes`*List of default themes for upset components*

---

**Description**

List of default themes for upset components

**Usage**

```
upset_themes
```

**Format**

An object of class `list` of length 4.



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