

Package ‘broadSeq’

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Title broadSeq : for streamlined exploration of RNA-seq data

Version 1.2.4

Description This package helps user to do easily RNA-seq data analysis with multiple methods (usually which needs many different input formats). Here the user will provide the expression data as a SummarizedExperiment object and will get results from different methods. It will help user to quickly evaluate different methods.

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URL <https://github.com/dasroy/broadSeq>

BugReports <https://github.com/dasroy/broadSeq/issues>

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broadSeq-package	<i>broadSeq : for streamlined exploration of RNA-seq data</i>
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Description

This package helps user to do easily RNA-seq data analysis with multiple methods (usually which needs many different input formats). Here the user will provid the expression data as a Summa-
rizedExperiment object and will get results from different methods. It will help user to quickly
evaluate different methods.

Author(s)

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See Also

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/dasroy/broadSeq>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/dasroy/broadSeq/issues>

combinedEnrichment	<i>Provides GO gene set enrichment and over-representation analysis</i>
--------------------	---

Description

This wrapper function combines clusterProfiler::gseGO and clusterProfiler::enrichGO. The input type of these two methods are different; order ranked geneList and a vector of entrez gene id. Here combinedEnrichment function internally generates these two data types from user defined DEG_table (differentially expressed genes).

Usage

```
combinedEnrichment(
  DEG_table,
  geneCol = "ID",
  logCol = "logFoldChange",
  OrgDB = "org.Hs.eg.db",
  keyType,
  universe,
  ont = "BP",
  logfoldCut = 1,
  pvalueCutoff = 0.05,
  qvalueCutoff = 0.05
)
```

Arguments

DEG_table	A data.frame atleast with two columns.
geneCol	The column name of DEG_table which provides gene ids and should be compatible with keytype parameter.
logCol	The column name of DEG_table which provides logfold(numeric) values to create a order ranked geneList for gseGO function.
OrgDB	OrgDb; passed to clusterProfiler functions
keyType	keytype of input gene(geneCol). One of the keytypes(OrgDB); passed to clusterProfiler functions
universe	background genes; passed to clusterProfiler::enrichGO.
ont	one of "BP", "MF", and "CC" subontologies, or "ALL" for all three.; passed to clusterProfiler functions
logfoldCut	to filter genes based on parameter logCol
pvalueCutoff	; passed to clusterProfiler functions
qvalueCutoff	; passed to clusterProfiler functions

Value

a named list of three data.frames which are output of gseGO("gseResult") and enrichGO ("oraUP" and "oraDOWN").

genes_plot	<i>Expression of multiple genes/features from a single assay as boxplot (or added dotplot)</i>
------------	--

Description

Expression of multiple genes/features from a single assay as boxplot (or added dotplot)

Boxplot of a single gene/feature from multiple assays

Usage

```
genes_plot(se, features, assayName = "counts", facet.by = "feature", x, ...)
```

```
assay_plot(se, feature, assayNames = c("counts"), x, ...)
```

Arguments

se	Object of SummarizedExperiment class
features	a character vector of rownames or named list of character vectors where name is one of the colnames of rowData.
assayName	One of the values from <code>SummarizedExperiment::assayNames(se)</code> ; default is "counts" assay
facet.by	must be one of the column names of <code>rowData(se)</code> . default "feature" which is equivalent to rownames of <code>rowData</code>
x	a column name of <code>colData</code> which will be used in x-axis
...	other arguments to be passed to <code>ggpubr::ggboxplot</code>
feature	a character vector of rownames or named list of character vectors where name is one of the column of <code>rowData</code> .
assayNames	names from <code>SummarizedExperiment::assayNames(se)</code> ; default value is "counts"

Value

ggplot object

return an object of class `ggarrange`, which is a `ggplot` or a list of `ggplot`.

Examples

```
se <- readRDS(system.file("extdata", "rat_vole_mouseSE_salmon.rds",
  package = "broadSeq"))
# The normalized values are added with the assay name "logCPM"
se <- broadSeq::normalizeEdgerCPM(se ,method = "none",cpm.log = TRUE )

broadSeq::genes_plot(se,
  features = list(mouse_gene_id = c("ENSMUSG00000022510" ,
    "ENSMUSG00000027985")),
```

```

        facet.by = "symbol", # column of rowData
        x = "stage", fill="stage")

broadSeq::genes_plot(se,
  features = list(symbol=c("Shh", "Edar") ),
  facet.by = "symbol", # column of rowData
  x = "stage", fill="stage")

broadSeq::assay_plot(se, feature = c("Shh"),
  assays = c("counts", "logCPM"),
  x = "stage", fill="stage", add="dotplot", palette = "npg")

```

normalizeEdgerCPM	<i>Use of edgeR package to normalize count data</i>
-------------------	---

Description

Use of edgeR package to normalize count data

Usage

```
normalizeEdgerCPM(se, method = "TMM", cpm.log = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

se	Object of SummarizedExperiment class
method	value for edgeR:: normLibSizes function. default "TMM"
cpm.log	value for edgeR:: cpm function. default TRUE
...	passed to normLibSizes function

Value

Object of [SummarizedExperiment](#) class where a new assay is added to the input object.

Examples

```

se <- readRDS(system.file("extdata",
  "rat_vole_mouseSE_salmon.rds",
  package = "broadSeq"))

se <- broadSeq::normalizeEdgerCPM(se, method = "TMM", cpm.log = FALSE )
# The normalized values are added with the assay name "TMM"
SummarizedExperiment::assayNames(se)

```

plotHeatmapCluster	<i>Plot clustered heatmaps</i>
--------------------	--------------------------------

Description

Plot clustered heatmaps from SummarizedExperiment with pheatmap and return object as ggplot

Usage

```
plotHeatmapCluster(
  se,
  scaledAssay = "vst",
  ntop = 500L,
  features = NULL,
  show_geneAs = NULL,
  annotation_col = NA,
  annotation_row = NA,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

se	Object of SummarizedExperiment class
scaledAssay	an scaled assay name from <code>SummarizedExperiment::assayNames(se)</code>
ntop	number of most-variable genes to select. Igored if "features" is specified.
features	character vector features/genes to be used to measure distance between the samples
show_geneAs	a character vector of colnames of <code>rowData(se)</code>
annotation_col	a character vector of colnames of <code>colData(se)</code>
annotation_row	a list of character vector of colnames of <code>rowData(se)</code>
...	other arguments like color or shape whose values should be similar to <code>colData</code> columns names passed to pheatmap

Value

ggplot object

Examples

```
se <- readRDS(system.file("extdata", "rat_vole_mouseSE_salmon.rds", package = "broadSeq"))

se <- broadSeq::normalizeEdgerCPM(se ,method = "none",cpm.log = TRUE )

broadSeq::plotHeatmapCluster(
  se,
  scaledAssay = "logCPM",
```

```

    annotation_col = c("species", "stage"),
    annotation_row = c("Class", "gene_biotype"),
    ntop = 30, show_geneAs = "symbol",
    cluster_cols = TRUE, cluster_rows = FALSE,
    show_rownames = TRUE, show_colnames = FALSE,
    main = "Top 30 variable gene vst"
  )

```

plot_MDS

Classical multidimensional scaling

Description

Classical multidimensional scaling is based on measuring the distance between the samples.

Usage

```
plot_MDS(se, scaledAssay = "vst", ntop = 500L, features = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

se	Object of SummarizedExperiment class
scaledAssay	an scaled assay name from <code>SummarizedExperiment::assayNames(se)</code>
ntop	number of most-variable genes to select. Igored if "features" is specified.
features	character vector features/genes to be used to measure distance between the samples
...	other arguments like color or shape whose values should be similar to colData columns names passed to <code>ggpubr::ggscatter</code>

Value

ggplot object

Examples

```

se <- readRDS(system.file("extdata", "rat_vole_mouseSE_salmon.rds", package = "broadSeq"))

se <- broadSeq::transformDESeq2(se, method = "vst" )

broadSeq::plot_MDS(se, scaledAssay = "vst", ntop=500,
  color = "species", shape = "stage",
  ellipse=TRUE, legend = "bottom")

```

prcompTidy

*Perform Principal Components Analysis***Description**

This function returns the results of `stats::prcomp` in a tidy list format. This is more flexible for further custom PCA , biplot and exploring gene(factor) loading of the PCA.

Usage

```
prcompTidy(se, scaledAssay = "vst", ntop = 500L, features = NULL, ...)

plotAnyPC(computedPCA, x = 1, y = 2, ...)

biplotAnyPC(computedPCA, x = 1, y = 2, genes = NULL, genesLabel = NULL, ...)

getFeatureLoadRanking(computedPCA, pcs = seq_len(5), topN = 10, keep)
```

Arguments

<code>se</code>	Object of SummarizedExperiment class
<code>scaledAssay</code>	an scaled assay name from <code>SummarizedExperiment::assayNames(se)</code>
<code>ntop</code>	number of most-variable genes to select. Igored if "features" is specified.
<code>features</code>	character vector features/genes to be used for PCA
<code>...</code>	other arguments like color or shape whose values should be similar to <code>colData</code> columns names passed to <code>ggpubr::ggscatter</code>
<code>computedPCA</code>	a list of data.frame returned by prcompTidy
<code>x</code>	PC number for x-axis default 1
<code>y</code>	PC number for y-axis default 2
<code>genes</code>	if genes is NULL then top max and min loaded genes of each PCs are plotted
<code>genesLabel</code>	one of <code>rowData</code> column names
<code>pcs</code>	The numbers of PCs
<code>topN</code>	Number of features per PC
<code>keep</code>	the column names of <code>rowData</code> to keep the corresponding information

Details

Reused code

Value

a list with four data.frame objects: pc_scores, eigen_values, loadings (eigen vectors) and the original data.

ggplot object

ggplot object

a data.frame

Examples

```
se <- readRDS(system.file("extdata", "rat_vole_mouseSE_salmon.rds", package = "broadSeq"))

se <- broadSeq::normalizeEdgerCPM(se, method = "none", cpm.log = TRUE )
computedPCA_logCPM <- broadSeq::prcompTidy(se, scaledAssay = "logCPM", ntop = 500)

plotAnyPC(computedPCA = computedPCA_logCPM, x = 1, y = 2, color = "species",
           shape = "stage", legend = "bottom")
plotAnyPC(computedPCA = computedPCA_logCPM, x = 2, y = 3, color = "species",
           shape = "stage", legend = "bottom")

computedPCA_logCPM$eigen_values %>%
  dplyr::filter(var_exp >= 0.5) %>% # Selecting PC explaining more than 1% variance
  ggbarplot(x="PC", y="var_exp", label = TRUE, label.pos = "out")
```

round_df

Applies round function only on numeric columns of a data.frame.

Description

Applies round function only on numeric columns of a data.frame.

Usage

```
round_df(df, digits)
```

Arguments

df	data.frame object
digits	passed to round

Value

data.frame object

Examples

```
data("iris")
iris %>% round_df(digits = 0) %>% head()
```

sampleAssay_plot	<i>Useful to visualize distribution of assay values for each sample. Plots 'boxplot' of any assay for each sample. Aesthetic can be added from colData.</i>
------------------	---

Description

Useful to visualize distribution of assay values for each sample. Plots 'boxplot' of any assay for each sample. Aesthetic can be added from colData.

Usage

```
sampleAssay_plot(se, assayName = "counts", ...)
```

Arguments

se	Object of SummarizedExperiment class
assayName	One of the values from <code>SummarizedExperiment::assayNames(se)</code>
...	other arguments to be passed to <code>ggpubr::ggboxplot</code>

Value

ggplot object

Examples

```
se <- readRDS(system.file("extdata", "rat_vole_mouseSE_salmon.rds", package = "broadSeq"))

sampleAssay_plot(se, assayName = "counts",
  fill="stage", # stage is a column name of colData(se)
  yscale="log2")

se <- broadSeq::normalizeEdgerCPM(se, method = "none", cpm.log = TRUE )

sampleAssay_plot(se, assayName = "logCPM", fill="stage")
```

transformDESeq2	<i>Transform SummarizedExperiment with DESeq2 package</i>
-----------------	---

Description

To use SummarizedExperiment with DESeq2, this function makes sure that 'counts' assay should be the first in assays list and the mode is integer.

Usage

```
transformDESeq2(se, method = "vst", ...)
```

Arguments

se	Object of <code>SummarizedExperiment</code> class
method	"vst", "normTransform" or "rlog" to choose either of <code>DESeq2::varianceStabilizingTransformation</code> , <code>DESeq2::normTransform</code> and <code>DESeq2::rlog</code> function. default is "vst"
...	arguments passed to <code>varianceStabilizingTransformation</code> , <code>normTransform</code> and <code>rlog</code>

Value

Object of `SummarizedExperiment` class where a new assay is added to the input object.

Examples

```
se <- readRDS(system.file("extdata",
  "rat_vole_mouseSE_salmon.rds",
  package = "broadSeq"))

se <- broadSeq::transformDESeq2(se, method = "vst" )
# The transformed values are added with the assay name "vst"
SummarizedExperiment::assayNames(se)
```

use_DELocal

To use SummarizedExperiment with package DELocal

Description

A wrapper function of `DELocal` where input is an object of `SummarizedExperiment`

Usage

```
use_DELocal(se, colData_id, control, treatment, rank = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

se	Object of <code>SummarizedExperiment</code> class
colData_id	One of the columns of <code>colData(se)</code> . It should be factors of more than one value.
control	Base level and one of the factor values of <code>colData(se)[[colData_id]]</code>
treatment	one of the factor values of <code>colData(se)[[colData_id]]</code>
rank	Logical value default FALSE. If true the result will have an additional column named "rank" and the results are ranked on "relative.logFC"
...	other arguments to be passed to main function <code>DELocal::DELocal</code> .

Value

a data.frame from `DELocal`

Examples

```
se <- readRDS(system.file("extdata",
  "rat_vole_mouseSE_salmon.rds",
  package = "broadSeq"))

# To reduce runtime
se <- se[rowData(se)$chromosome_name == 2,colData(se)$species == "Mouse"]

result <-
  use_DELocal(se = se,
    colData_id = "stage", control = "Bud", treatment = "Cap",
    rank = TRUE)
```

use_deseq2	<i>To use SummarizedExperiment with package DESeq2</i>
------------	--

Description

A wrapper function of DESeq2 where input is an object of [SummarizedExperiment](#)

Usage

```
use_deseq2(se, colData_id, control, treatment, rank = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

se	Object of SummarizedExperiment class
colData_id	One of the columns of colData(se). It should be factors of more than one value.
control	Base level and one of the factor values of colData(se)[[colData_id]]
treatment	one of the factor values of colData(se)[[colData_id]]
rank	Logical value default FALSE. If true the result will have an additional column named "rank" and the results are ranked on "padj"
...	other arguments to be passed to main function DESeq2::results.

Value

a data.frame converted from DESeq2::DESeqResults

Examples

```
se <- readRDS(system.file("extdata",
  "rat_vole_mouseSE_salmon.rds",
  package = "broadSeq"))

# To reduce runtime
se <- se[rowData(se)$chromosome_name == 2,colData(se)$species == "Mouse"]
```

```
result <-
  use_deseq2(se = se,
             colData_id = "stage", control = "Bud", treatment = "Cap",
             rank = TRUE)
```

use_EBSeq

To use SummarizedExperiment with package EBSeq

Description

A wrapper function of EBSeq where input is an object of [SummarizedExperiment](#)

Usage

```
use_EBSeq(se, colData_id, control, treatment, rank = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

se	Object of SummarizedExperiment class
colData_id	One of the columns of colData(se). It should be factors of more than one value.
control	Base level and one of the factor values of colData(se)[[colData_id]]
treatment	one of the factor values of colData(se)[[colData_id]]
rank	Logical value default FALSE. If true the result will have an additional column named "rank" and the results are ranked on "PPDE"
...	other arguments to be passed to main function EBSeq::GetDEResults.

Value

a data.frame object converted from the output of EBSeq::GetDEResults.

Examples

```
se <- readRDS(system.file("extdata",
                          "rat_vole_mouseSE_salmon.rds",
                          package = "broadSeq"))

# To reduce runtime
se <- se[rowData(se)$chromosome_name == 2, colData(se)$species == "Mouse"]

result <-
  use_EBSeq(se = se,
            colData_id = "stage", control = "Bud", treatment = "Cap",
            rank = TRUE)
```

use_edgeR_GLM

To use SummarizedExperiment with package edgeR

Description

A wrapper function of DESeq2 where input is an object of [SummarizedExperiment](#)

Usage

```
use_edgeR_GLM(se, colData_id, control, treatment, rank = FALSE, ...)
```

```
use_edgeR_exact(se, colData_id, control, treatment, rank = FALSE, ...)
```

```
use_edgeR(
  se,
  colData_id,
  control,
  treatment,
  rank = FALSE,
  edgeR.n = Inf,
  edgeR.adjust.method = "BH",
  edgeR.sort.by = "PValue",
  option = "GLM",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

se	Object of SummarizedExperiment class
colData_id	One of the columns of colData(se). It should be factors of more than one value.
control	Base level and one of the factor values of colData(se)[[colData_id]]
treatment	one of the factor values of colData(se)[[colData_id]]
rank	Logical value default FALSE. If true the result will have an additional column named "rank"
...	other arguments to be passed to edgeR:: glmLRT or edgeR:: exactTest
edgeR.n	argument for edgeR:: topTags
edgeR.adjust.method	argument for edgeR:: topTags
edgeR.sort.by	argument for edgeR:: topTags
option	"GLM" or "exact" to indicate to use either edgeR:: glmLRT or edgeR:: exactTest

Value

a data.frame of output from edgeR::[topTags](#)

Examples

```
se <- readRDS(system.file("extdata",
  "rat_vole_mouseSE_salmon.rds",
  package = "broadSeq"))

# To reduce runtime
se <- se[rowData(se)$chromosome_name == 2,colData(se)$species == "Mouse"]

result <-
  use_edgeR(se = se,
    colData_id = "stage", control = "Bud", treatment = "Cap",
    rank = TRUE)
```

use_limma_trend	<i>To use SummarizedExperiment with package limma</i>
-----------------	---

Description

A wrapper function of limma where input is an object of [SummarizedExperiment](#)

Usage

```
use_limma_trend(se, colData_id, control, treatment, rank = FALSE, ...)

use_limma_voom(se, colData_id, control, treatment, rank = FALSE, ...)

use_limma(
  se,
  colData_id,
  control,
  treatment,
  rank = FALSE,
  useVoom = TRUE,
  showPlot = FALSE,
  limma.adjust = "BH",
  limma.sort.by = "p",
  limma.number = Inf,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

se	Object of SummarizedExperiment class
colData_id	One of the columns of colData(se). It should be factors of more than one value.
control	Base level and one of the factor values of colData(se)[[colData_id]]
treatment	one of the factor values of colData(se)[[colData_id]]

rank	Logical value default FALSE. If true the result will have an additional column named "rank"
...	other arguments to be passed to main function edgeR::calcNormFactors .
useVoom	whether to use limma::voom or edgeR::cpm
showPlot	whether to use limma::plotSA ; default FALSE
limma.adjust	argument for limma::topTable
limma.sort.by	argument for limma::topTable
limma.number	argument for limma::topTable

Value

a data.frame of output from limma::topTable

Examples

```
se <- readRDS(system.file("extdata",
  "rat_vole_mouseSE_salmon.rds",
  package = "broadSeq"))

# To reduce runtime
se <- se[rowData(se)$chromosome_name == 2,colData(se)$species == "Mouse"]
result <-
  use_limma(se = se,
    colData_id = "stage", control = "Bud", treatment = "Cap",
    rank = TRUE)
```

use_multDE	<i>To identify differentially expressed genes by multiple methods</i>
------------	---

Description

To identify differentially expressed genes by multiple methods

Usage

```
use_multDE(
  deFun_list,
  return.df = FALSE,
  se,
  colData_id,
  control,
  treatment,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

deFun_list	a list of function which can perform differential expression analysis
return.df	whether to return all results aggregated form of data.frame or a list of results. Default is FALSE
se	Object of SummarizedExperiment class
colData_id	One of the columns of colData(se). It should be factors of more than one value.
control	Base level and one of the factor values of colData(se)[[colData_id]]
treatment	one of the factor values of colData(se)[[colData_id]]
...	other arguments to be passed to functions listed in deFun_list

Value

a list or data.frame

Examples

```
se <- readRDS(system.file("extdata",
  "rat_vole_mouseSE_salmon.rds",
  package = "broadSeq"))

# To reduce runtime
se <- se[rowData(se)$chromosome_name == 2,colData(se)$species == "Mouse"]

# First define a named list of functions
funs <- list(limma_trend = use_limma_trend, limma_voom = use_limma_voom,
  edgeR_exact = use_edgeR_exact, edgeR_glm = use_edgeR_GLM,
  deseq2 = use_deseq2,
  DELocal = use_DELocal, noiseq = use_NOIseq,
  EBSeq = use_EBSeq)

multi_result <- broadSeq::use_multDE(
  se <- se[rowData(se)$chromosome_name == 2,colData(se)$species == "Mouse"],
  deFun_list = funs, return.df = TRUE,
  colData_id = "stage", control = "Bud", treatment = "Cap",
  rank = TRUE)
```

use_NOIseq

Differential expression method for NOISeq

Description

This is a wrapper function of NOISeq::[noiseqbio](#) whose input class is 'eSet' and output class is Output which are not widely used. We can use as(se, "ExpressionSet") to get an eSet easily but then it will be hard to refer the treatment and control. The order of factors influence the log fold change sign. To keep it comparable to other methods the NOISeq::readData() is used internally.

Usage

```
use_NOIseq(se, colData_id, control, treatment, rank = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>se</code>	Object of <code>SummarizedExperiment</code> class
<code>colData_id</code>	One of the columns of <code>colData(se)</code> . It should be factors of more than one value.
<code>control</code>	Base level and one of the factor values of <code>colData(se)[[colData_id]]</code>
<code>treatment</code>	one of the factor values of <code>colData(se)[[colData_id]]</code>
<code>rank</code>	Logical value default FALSE. If true the result will have an additional column named "rank" which is ordered by 'prob' values returned by function <code>NOISeq::noiseqbio</code> .
<code>...</code>	other arguments to be passed to main function <code>NOISeq::noiseqbio</code> . The 'input' and 'factor' argument should not be used.

Value

A data.frame object from the results of `NOISeq::noiseqbio()`. For details check the documentation of 'NOISeq'

Examples

```
se <- readRDS(system.file("extdata",
  "rat_vole_mouseSE_salmon.rds",
  package = "broadSeq"))

# To reduce runtime
se <- se[rowData(se)$chromosome_name == 2, colData(se)$species == "Mouse"]

result_NoIseq <-
  use_NOIseq(se = se,
    colData_id = "stage", control = "Bud", treatment = "Cap",
    rank = TRUE,
    r = 10) # r is an argument of NOISeq::noiseqbio
```

use_SAMseq

To use SummarizedExperiment with package samr

Description

To use SummarizedExperiment with package samr

Usage

```
use_SAMseq(se, colData_id, control, treatment, rank = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

se	Object of <code>SummarizedExperiment</code> class
colData_id	One of the columns of <code>colData(se)</code> . It should be factors of more than one value.
control	Base level and one of the factor values of <code>colData(se)[[colData_id]]</code>
treatment	one of the factor values of <code>colData(se)[[colData_id]]</code>
rank	Logical value default FALSE. If true the result will have an
...	other arguments to be passed to <code>samr::SAMseq</code>

Value

a data.frame object as a result

volcanoPlot	<i>Volcano plot with formatted x and y axis label.</i>
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Description

Volcano plot with formatted x and y axis label.

Usage

```
volcanoPlot(
  df,
  pValName,
  lFCName,
  sigThreshold = 0.05,
  logFCThreshold = 1,
  labelName = NULL,
  selectedLabel = NULL,
  palette = "nejm"
)
```

Arguments

df	a data.frame object
pValName	column name of df which provides p-values
lFCName	column name of df which provides log fold change values
sigThreshold	Threshold for p-values
logFCThreshold	Threshold for log fold change values
labelName	column name of df to label the dots
selectedLabel	which dots to highlight
palette	one of "npg", "aaas", "lancet", "jco", "ucscgb", "uchicago", "simpsons" and "nejm" or similar to <code>viridis::cividis(3)</code>

Value

ggplot object

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