# Package 'VanillaICE'

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Title A Hidden Markov Model for high throughput genotyping arrays

### **Description**

Hidden Markov Models for characterizing chromosomal alteration in high throughput SNP arrays.

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**Depends** R (>= 3.5.0), BiocGenerics (>= 0.13.6), GenomicRanges (>= 1.27.6), SummarizedExperiment (>= 1.5.3)

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acf2

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Calculate lag10 autocorrelation

# Description

A wrapper for the function acf that returns the autocorrelation for the specified lag. Missing values are removed.

# Usage

```
acf2(x, lag = 10, ...)
```

# **Arguments**

x numeric vector

lag integer

... additional arguments to acf

# See Also

acf

ArrayViews-class

ArrayViews class, constructor, and methods

# Description

ArrayViews provides views to the low-level data – log R ratios, B allele frequencies, and genotypes that are stored in parsed files on disk, often scaled and coerced to an integer. Accessors to the low-level data are provided that extract the marker-level summaries from disk, rescaling when appropriate.

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#### Usage

```
ArrayViews(
  class = "ArrayViews",
  colData,
  rowRanges = GRanges(),
  sourcePaths = character(),
  scale = 1000,
  sample_ids,
  parsedPath = getwd(),
  lrrFiles = character(),
  bafFiles = character(),
  gtFiles = character()
## S4 method for signature 'ArrayViews, ANY, ANY, ANY'
x[i, j, ..., drop = FALSE]
colnames(x) \leftarrow value
## S4 method for signature 'ArrayViews'
colnames(x, do.NULL = TRUE, prefix = "col")
## S4 method for signature 'ArrayViews'
x$name
## S4 replacement method for signature 'ArrayViews'
x$name <- value
## S4 method for signature 'ArrayViews'
show(object)
## S4 method for signature 'ArrayViews'
sapply(X, FUN, ..., simplify = TRUE, USE.NAMES = TRUE)
## S4 method for signature 'ArrayViews'
ncol(x)
## S4 method for signature 'ArrayViews'
nrow(x)
## S4 method for signature 'ArrayViews'
dim(x)
## S4 method for signature 'ArrayViews'
start(x)
```

### **Arguments**

class character string
colData DataFrame
rowRanges GRanges object

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sourcePaths character string provide complete path to plain text source files (one file per

sample) containing log R ratios and B allele frequencies

scale log R ratios and B allele frequencies can be stored as integers on disk to increase

IO speed. If scale =1, the raw data is not transformed. If scale = 1000 (default), the log R ratios and BAFs are multipled by 1000 and coerced to an integer.

sample\_ids character vector indicating how to name samples. Ignored if colData is specified.

parsedPath character vector indicating where parsed files should be saved

lrrFilescharacter vector of file names for storing log R ratiosbafFilescharacter vector of file names for storing BAFsgtFilescharacter vector of file names for storing genotypes

x a ArrayViews object

i numeric vector or missingj numeric vector or missing... additional arguments to FUN

drop ignored

value a character-string vector

do.NULL ignored prefix ignored

name character string indicating name in colData slot of ArrayViews object

object a ArrayViews object X a ArrayViews object

FUN a function to apply to each column of X

simplify logical indicating whether result should be simplied

USE. NAMES whether the output should be a named vector

### **Slots**

colData A character string

rowRanges A DataFrame. WARNING: The accessor for this slot is rowRanges, not rowRanges! index A GRanges object

sourcePaths A character string providing complete path to source files (one file per sample) containing low-level summaries (Log R ratios, B allele frequencies, genotypes)

scale A length-one numeric vector

parsedPath A character string providing full path to where parsed files should be saved

1rrFiles character vector of filenames for log R ratios

bafFiles character vector of filenames for BAFs

gtFiles character vector of filenames for genotypes

### See Also

CopyNumScanParams parseSourceFile

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#### **Examples**

```
ArrayViews()
## From unit test
  require(BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg18)
  require(data.table)
  extdir <- system.file("extdata", package="VanillaICE", mustWork=TRUE)</pre>
  features <- suppressWarnings(fread(file.path(extdir, "SNP_info.csv")))</pre>
  fgr <- GRanges(paste0("chr", features$Chr), IRanges(features$Position, width=1),</pre>
                  isSnp=features[["Intensity Only"]]==0)
  fgr <- SnpGRanges(fgr)</pre>
  names(fgr) <- features[["Name"]]</pre>
  bsgenome <- BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg18</pre>
 seqlevels(fgr, pruning.mode="coarse") <- seqlevels(bsgenome) [seqlevels(bsgenome) \% in \% seqlevels(fgr)] \\
  seqinfo(fgr) <- seqinfo(bsgenome)[seqlevels(fgr),]</pre>
  fgr <- sort(fgr)
  files <- list.files(extdir, full.names=TRUE, recursive=TRUE, pattern="FinalReport")</pre>
  ids <- gsub(".rds", "", gsub("FinalReport", "", basename(files)))</pre>
  views <- ArrayViews(rowRanges=fgr,</pre>
                        sourcePaths=files,
                        sample_ids=ids)
  lrrFile(views)
  ## view of first 10 markers and samples 3 and 5
  views <- views[1:10, c(3,5)]</pre>
```

baumWelchUpdate

Function for updating parameters for emission probabilities

### **Description**

This function is not meant to be called directly by the user. It is exported in the package NAMES-PACE for internal use by other BioC packages.

#### Usage

```
baumWelchUpdate(param, assay_list)
```

#### **Arguments**

param A container for the HMM parameters
assay\_list list of log R ratios and B allele frequencies

calculateEmission

Calculate the emission probabilities for the 6-state HMM

# Description

Given the data and an object containing parameters for the HMM, this function computes emission probabilities. This function is not intended to be called by the user and is exported for internal use by other BioC packages.

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#### **Usage**

```
calculateEmission(x, param = EmissionParam())
```

#### **Arguments**

x list of low-level data with two elements: a numeric vector of log R ratios and a

numeric vector of B allele frequencies

param parameters for the 6-state HMM

#### Value

A matrix of emission probabilities. Column correspond to the HMM states and rows correspond to markers on the array (SNPs and nonpolymorphic markers)

#### See Also

baumWelchUpdate

cnvFilter

Filter the HMM-derived genomic ranges for copy number variants

#### **Description**

The HMM-derived genomic ranges are represented as a GRanges-derived object. cnvFilter returns a GRanges object using the filters stipulated in the filters argument.

#### Usage

```
cnvFilter(object, filters = FilterParam())
cnvSegs(object, filters = FilterParam(state = c("1", "2", "5", "6")))
duplication(object, filters = FilterParam(state = c("5", "6")))
deletion(object, filters = FilterParam(state = c("1", "2")))
hemizygous(object, filters = FilterParam(state = "2"))
homozygous(object, filters = FilterParam(state = "1"))
## S4 method for signature 'HMM'
cnvSegs(object, filters = FilterParam(state = as.character(c(1, 2, 5, 6))))
## S4 method for signature 'HMMList'
segs(object)
## S4 method for signature 'HMMList'
hemizygous(object)
## S4 method for signature 'HMMList'
hemizygous(object)
```

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```
## S4 method for signature 'HMMList'
duplication(object)

## S4 method for signature 'HMMList'
cnvSegs(object, filters = FilterParam(state = as.character(c(1, 2, 5, 6))))

## S4 method for signature 'HMMList'
cnvFilter(object, filters = FilterParam())

## S4 method for signature 'HmmGRanges'
cnvSegs(object, filters = FilterParam(state = as.character(c(1, 2, 5, 6))))
```

### **Arguments**

object see showMethods(cnvFilter)
filters a FilterParam object

#### See Also

FilterParam

#### **Examples**

```
data(snp_exp)
fit <- hmm2(snp_exp)
segs(fit) ## all intervals
cnvSegs(fit)
filter_param <- FilterParam(probability=0.95, numberFeatures=10, state=c("1", "2"))
cnvSegs(fit, filter_param)
filter_param <- FilterParam(probability=0.5, numberFeatures=2, state=c("1", "2"))
cnvSegs(fit, filter_param)
hemizygous(fit)
homozygous(fit)
duplication(fit)</pre>
```

cn\_means

A parameter class for computing Emission probabilities

#### **Description**

Parameters for computing emission probabilities for a 6-state HMM, including starting values for the mean and standard deviations for log R ratios (assumed to be Gaussian) and B allele frequencies (truncated Gaussian), and initial state probabilities.

This function is exported primarily for internal use by other BioC packages.

# Usage

```
cn_means(object)
cn_sds(object)
```

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```
baf_means(object)
baf_sds(object)
baf_means(object) <- value</pre>
baf_sds(object) <- value</pre>
cn_sds(object) <- value</pre>
cn_means(object) <- value</pre>
EmissionParam(
  cn_means = CN_MEANS(),
  cn_sds = CN_SDS(),
  baf_means = BAF_MEANS(),
  baf_sds = BAF_SDS(),
  initial = rep(1/6, 6),
  EMupdates = 5L,
  CN_range = c(-5, 3),
  temper = 1,
  p_outlier = 1/100,
  modelHomozygousRegions = FALSE
EMupdates(object)
## S4 method for signature 'EmissionParam'
show(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object	see showMethods("EMupdates")
valua	numaria vaatar

value numeric vector

cn\_means numeric vector of starting values for log R ratio means (order is by copy number

state)

cn\_sds numeric vector of starting values for log R ratio standard deviations (order is by

copy number state)

baf\_means numeric vector of starting values for BAF means ordered. See example for

details on how these are ordered.

baf\_sds numeric vector of starting values for BAF means ordered. See example for

details on how these are ordered.

initial numeric vector of intial state probabilities

EMupdates number of EM updates

CN\_range the allowable range of log R ratios. Log R ratios outside this range are thresh-

olded.

temper Emission probabilities can be tempered by emit^temper. This is highly experi-

mental.

p\_outlier probability that an observation is an outlier (assumed to be the same for all

markers)

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model Homozygous Regions

logical. If FALSE (default), the emission probabilities for BAFs are modeled from a mixture of truncated normals and a Unif(0,1) where the mixture probabilities are given by the probability that the SNP is heterozygous. See Details below for a discussion of the implications.

#### **Details**

The log R ratios are assumed to be emitted from a normal distribution with a mean and standard deviation that depend on the latent copy number. Similarly, the BAFs are assumed to be emitted from a truncated normal distribution with a mean and standard deviation that depends on the latent number of B alleles relative to the total number of alleles (A+B).

#### Value

numeric vector

#### **Details**

When modelHomozygousRegions is FALSE (the default in versions >= 1.28.0), emission probabilities for B allele frequences are calculated from a mixture of a truncated normal densities and a Unif(0,1) density with the mixture probabilities given by the probability that a SNP is homozygous. In particular, let p denote a 6 dimensional vector of density estimates from a truncated normal distribution for the latent genotypes 'A', 'B', 'AB', 'AAB', 'ABB', 'AAAB', and 'ABBB'. The probability that a genotype is homozygous is estimated as

$$prHom = (p["A"] + p["B"])/sum(p)$$

and the probability that the genotype is heterozygous (any latent genotype that is not 'A' or 'B') is given by

$$prHet = 1 - prHom$$

Since the density of a Unif(0,1) is 1, the 6-dimensional vector of emission probability at a SNP is given by

$$emit = prHet * p + (1 - prHet) \\$$

The above has the effect of minimizing the influence of BAFs near 0 and 1 on the state path estimated by the Viterbi algorithm. In particular, the emission probability at homozygous SNPs will be virtually the same for states 3 and 4, but at heterozygous SNPs the emission probability for state 3 will be an order of magnitude greater for state 3 (diploid) compared to state 4 (diploid region of homozygosity). The advantage of this parameterization are fewer false positive hemizygous deletion calls. [Log R ratios tend to be more sensitive to technical sources of variation than the corresponding BAFs/ genotypes. Regions in which the log R ratios are low due to technical sources of variation will be less likely to be interpreted as evidence of copy number loss if heterozygous genotypes have more 'weight' in the emission estimates than homozgous genotypes. ] The trade-off is that only states estimated by the HMM are those with copy number alterations. In particular, copy-neutral regions of homozygosity will not be called.

By setting modelHomozygousRegions = TRUE, the emission probabilities at a SNP are given simply by the p vector described above and copy-neutral regions of homozygosity will be called.#'

#### **Examples**

```
ep <- EmissionParam()</pre>
cn_means(ep)
ep <- EmissionParam()</pre>
cn_sds(ep)
ep <- EmissionParam()</pre>
baf_means(ep)
ep <- EmissionParam()</pre>
baf_sds(ep)
ep <- EmissionParam()</pre>
baf_means(ep) <- baf_means(ep)</pre>
ep <- EmissionParam()</pre>
baf_sds(ep) <- baf_sds(ep)</pre>
ep <- EmissionParam()</pre>
cn_sds(ep) <- cn_sds(ep)</pre>
ep <- EmissionParam()</pre>
cn_means(ep) <- cn_means(ep)</pre>
ep <- EmissionParam()</pre>
show(ep)
cn_means(ep)
cn_sds(ep)
baf_means(ep)
baf_sds(ep)
```

CopyNumScanParams-class

Parameters for parsing source files containing SNP-array processed data, such as GenomeStudio files for the Illumina platform

# Description

Raw SNP array processed files have headers and variable labels that may depend the software, how the output files was saved, the software version, and other factors. The purpose of this container is to collect the parameters relevant for reading in the source files for a particular project in a single container. This may require some experimentation as the example illustrates. The function fread in the data.table package greatly simplifies this process.

# Usage

```
CopyNumScanParams(
  cnvar = "Log R Ratio",
  bafvar = "B Allele Freq",
  gtvar = c("Allele1 - AB", "Allele2 - AB"),
  index_genome = integer(),
  select = integer(),
  scale = 1000,
  row.names = 1L
)

## S4 method for signature 'CopyNumScanParams'
show(object)
```

doUpdate

### **Arguments**

cnvar	length-one character vector providing name of variable for log R ratios
bafvar	length-one character vector providing name of variable for B allele frequencies
gtvar	length-one character vector providing name of variable for genotype calls
index_genome	integer vector indicating which rows of the of the source files (e.g., GenomeStudio) to keep. By matching on a sorted GRanges object containing the feature annotation (see example), the information on the markers will also be sorted.
select	integer vector specifying indicating which columns of the source files to import (see examples)
scale	length-one numeric vector for rescaling the raw data and coercing to class integer. By default, the low-level data will be scaled and saved on disk as integers.
row.names	length-one numeric vector indicating which column the SNP names are in
object	a CopyNumScanParams object

### **Slots**

index\_genome an integer vector

cnvar the column label for the log R ratios

bafvar the column label for the B allele frequencies

gtvar the column label(s) for the genotypes

scale length-one numeric vector indicating how the low-level data should be scaled prior to saving on disk

select numeric vector indicating which columns to read

row.names length-one numeric vector indicating which column the SNP names are in

#### See Also

ArrayViews parseSourceFile

# **Examples**

CopyNumScanParams() ## empty container

doUpdate	Helper function to determine whether to update the HMM parameters via the Baum-Welch algorithm

# Description

This function is not intended to be called directly by the user, and is exported only for internal use by other BioC packages.

### Usage

doUpdate(param)

#### **Arguments**

param

An object containing parameters for the HMM

#### See Also

HmmParam

### **Description**

If there are multiple markers on the same chromosome with the same annotated position, only the first is kept.

# Usage

```
dropDuplicatedMapLocs(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object

a container for which the methods seqnames and start are defined

#### Value

an object of the same class with duplicated genomic positions removed

### **Examples**

```
data(snp_exp)
g <- rowRanges(snp_exp)
## duplicate the first row
g[length(g)] <- g[1]
rowRanges(snp_exp) <- g
snp_exp2 <- dropDuplicatedMapLocs(snp_exp)</pre>
```

dropSexChrom

Filter sex chromosomes

# Description

Removes markers on chromosomes X and Y.

#### Usage

```
dropSexChrom(object)
```

### **Arguments**

object

an object for which the methods seqnames and rowRanges are defined.

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#### Value

an object of the same class as the input

emission

Methods to set and get emission probabilities

### **Description**

Get or set a matrix of emission probabilities. This function is exported primarily for internal use by other BioC packages.

### Usage

```
emission(object)
emission(object) <- value</pre>
```

# **Arguments**

object see showMethods(emission)
value a matrix of emission probabilities

### Value

matrix

emissionParam

Accessor for parameters used to compute emission probabilities

# Description

Parameters for computing emission probabilities include the starting values for the Baum Welch update and initial state probabilities.

# Usage

```
emissionParam(object)
emissionParam(object) <- value</pre>
```

### **Arguments**

object an object of class EmissionParam value an object of class EmissionParam

# Value

EmissionParam instance

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#### **Examples**

```
hparam <- HmmParam()
emissionParam(hparam)
ep <- EmissionParam()
cn_means(ep) <- log2(c(.1/2, 1/2, 2/2, 2/2, 3/2, 4/2))
emissionParam(hparam) <- ep</pre>
```

FilterParam-class

Container for the common criteria used to filtering genomic ranges

# Description

The maximum a posteriori estimate of the trio copy number state for each genomic range is represented in a GRanges-derived class. Ultimately, these ranges will be filtered based on the trio copy number state (e.g., denovo deletions), size, number of features (SNPs), or chromosome. FilterParam is a container for the parameters commmonly used to filter the genomic ranges.

# Usage

```
FilterParam(
  probability = 0.99,
  numberFeatures = 10,
  seqnames = paste0("chr", c(1:22, "X", "Y")),
  state = as.character(1:6),
  width = 1L
)

## S4 method for signature 'FilterParam'
probability(object)

## S4 method for signature 'FilterParam'
state(object)

## S4 method for signature 'FilterParam'
state(object)
```

### **Arguments**

```
probability minumum probability for the call
numberFeatures minumum number of SNPs/nonpolymorphic features in a region
seqnames the seqnames (character string or R1e to keep)
state character: the HMM states to keep
width the minimum widht of a region
object a FilterParam object
```

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#### **Slots**

probability a length-one numeric vector indicating the minimum posterior probability for the called state. Genomic intervals with posterior probabilities below probability will be filtered.

numberFeatures a positive integer indicating the minimum number of features in a segment

seqnames a character vector of seqnames to select (i.e., 'chr1' for only those intervals on chromosome 1)

width positive integer indicating the minimal width of genomic intervals

state character string indicating which hidden Markov model states to select

#### See Also

```
cnvFilter cnvSegs hmm2
```

### **Examples**

```
fp <- FilterParam()
width(fp)
numberFeatures(fp)
seqnames(fp)
## To select CNV segments for which
## - the CNV call has a 'posterior' probability of at least 0.95
## - the number of features is at least 10
## - the HMM states are 1 (homozygous deletion) or 2 (hemizygous deletion)
FilterParam(probability=0.95, numberFeatures=10, state=c("1", "2"))</pre>
```

filters

Accessor for HMM filter parameters

### **Description**

Accessor for HMM filter parameters

### Usage

```
filters(object)
```

# Arguments

```
object see showMethods(filters)
```

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genotypes

Accessor for SNP genotypes

# **Description**

Extract SNP genotypes. Genotypes are assumed to be represented as integers: 1=AA, 2=AB, 3=BB.

#### Usage

```
genotypes(object)
   ## S4 method for signature 'ArrayViews'
   lrr(object)
   ## S4 method for signature 'ArrayViews'
   baf(object)
   ## S4 method for signature 'ArrayViews'
   genotypes(object)
   ## S4 method for signature 'SnpArrayExperiment'
   baf(object)
   ## S4 method for signature 'SnpArrayExperiment'
   copyNumber(object)
   ## S4 method for signature 'SnpArrayExperiment'
   lrr(object)
   ## S4 method for signature 'SnpArrayExperiment'
   genotypes(object)
Arguments
                   see showMethods("genotypes")
   object
See Also
   copyNumber
```

getExampleSnpExperiment

Create an example SnpArrayExperiment from source files containing marker-level genomic data that are provided in this package

### **Description**

Create an example SnpArrayExperiment from source files containing marker-level genomic data that are provided in this package

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### Usage

```
getExampleSnpExperiment(bsgenome)
```

# Arguments

bsgenome

a BSgenome object

### Value

A SnpArrayExperiment

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
    if(require("BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg18")){
        genome <- BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg18
        snp_exp <- getExampleSnpExperiment(genome)
    }
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

getHmmParams

Accessor for HMM model parameters

# Description

Accessor for HMM model parameters

# Usage

```
getHmmParams(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object

see showMethods(HmmParam)

# **Examples**

```
hmm_object <- HMM()
getHmmParams(hmm_object)</pre>
```

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HMM-class	Container for the segmented data and the 6-state HMM model param-
	eters

### **Description**

The contructor HMM creates and object of class HMM. Not typically called directly by the user.

# Usage

```
HMM(
   granges = GRanges(),
   param = HmmParam(),
   posterior = matrix(),
   filters = FilterParam()
)

## S4 method for signature 'HMM'
state(object)

## S4 method for signature 'HMM'
show(object)
```

# Arguments

```
\begin{array}{ll} \text{granges} & \text{a GRanges object} \\ \text{param} & \text{a HmmParam object} \end{array}
```

posterior matrix of posterior probabilities filters an object of class FilterParam

object a HMM object

### Slots

```
granges a GRanges object
param a HmmParam object
posterior a matrix of posterior probabilities
filters a FilterParam object
```

# See Also

hmm2

# Examples

```
data(snp_exp)
hmm_list <- hmm2(snp_exp[,1])
resultsFirstSample <- hmm_list[[1]]
resultsFirstSample
HMM()</pre>
```

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hmm2

Fit a 6-state HMM to log R ratios and B allele frequencies estimated from SNP arrays

#### **Description**

This function is intended for estimating the integer copy number from germline or DNA of clonal origin using a 6-state HMM. The states are homozygous deletion, hemizygous deletion, diploid copy number, diploid region of homozygosity, single copy gain, and two+ copy gain. Because heterozygous markers are more informative for copy number than homozygous markers and regions of homozgosity are common in normal genomes, we currently computed a weighted average of the BAF emission matrix with a uniform 0,1 distribution by the probability that the marker is heterozygous, thereby downweighting the contribution of homozygous SNPs to the likelihood. In addition to making the detection of copy-neutral regions of homozygosity less likely, it also helps prevent confusing hemizygous deletions with copy neutral regions of homozygosity – the former would be driven mostly by the log R ratios. This is experimental and subject to change.

### Usage

```
hmm2(
  object,
  emission_param = EmissionParam(),
  transition_param = TransitionParam(),
)
## S4 method for signature 'SnpArrayExperiment'
hmm2(
  object,
  emission_param = EmissionParam(),
  transition_param = TransitionParam(),
)
## S4 method for signature 'oligoSnpSet'
hmm2(
  object,
  emission_param = EmissionParam(),
  transition_param = TransitionParam(),
)
## S4 method for signature 'ArrayViews'
hmm2(
  object,
  emission_param = EmissionParam(),
  transition_param = TransitionParam(),
  tolerance = 2,
  verbose = FALSE,
)
```

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### **Arguments**

object A SnpArrayExperiment

emission\_param A EmissionParam object

transition\_param

A TransitionParam object

... currently ignored

tolerance length-one numeric vector. When the difference in the log-likelihood of the Viterbi state path between successive models (updated by Baum Welch) is less than the tolerance, no additional model updates are performed.

verbose logical. Whether to display messages indicating progress.

#### **Details**

The hmm2 method allows parallelization across samples using the foreach paradigm. Parallelization is automatic when enabled via packages such as snow/doSNOW.

#### **Examples**

```
tp <- TransitionParam()</pre>
TransitionParam(taup=1e12)
data(snp_exp)
emission_param <- EmissionParam(temper=1/2)</pre>
fit <- hmm2(snp_exp, emission_param)</pre>
unlist(fit)
cnvSegs(fit)
## There is too little data to infer cnv reliably in this trivial example.
## To illustrate filtering options on the results, we select
## CNVs for which
## - the CNV call has a posterior probability of at least 0.5
## - the number of features is 2 or more
## - the HMM states are 1 (homozygous deletion) or 2 (hemizygous deletion)
fp <- FilterParam(probability=0.5, numberFeatures=2, state=c("1", "2"))</pre>
cnvSegs(fit, fp)
## for parallelization
## Not run:
   library(snow)
   library(doSNOW)
   cl <- makeCluster(2, type = "SOCK")</pre>
   registerDoSNOW(cl)
   fit <- hmm2(snp_exp, emission_param)</pre>
## End(Not run)
```

 ${\sf HMMList}$ 

Constructor for HMMList class

### **Description**

The constructor function for the HMMList class. The constructor is useful for representing a list of HMM objects.

22 HMMList-class

### Usage

```
HMMList(object)
```

### **Arguments**

object

a list. Each element of the list is in instance of the HMM class.

#### See Also

HMMList HMM hmm2

HMMList-class

Class, constructor, and methods for representing HMM results from multiple samples

### **Description**

Each element of the HMMList contains the genomic intervals of the HMM segmentation (GRanges-derived object), parameters from the Baum-Welch, and a FilterParam object.

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'HMMList'
show(object)
## S4 method for signature 'HMMList'
unlist(x, recursive = TRUE, use.names = TRUE)
```

# Arguments

object a HMMList object x a HMMList object

recursive logical; currently ignored use.names logical; currently ignored

# Slots

. Data a list. Each element of the list should be a  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{HMM}}$  object.

#### See Also

**HMM** 

# **Examples**

```
data(snp_exp)
fit <- hmm2(snp_exp)
class(fit)
identical(length(fit), ncol(snp_exp))
unlist(fit)</pre>
```

HmmParam 23

HmmParam

Constructor for HmmParam class

### **Description**

Contains emission probabilities, parameters for emission probabilities, and transition probabilities required for computing the most likely state path via the Viterbi algorithm

### Usage

```
HmmParam(
  emission = matrix(0, 0, 0),
  emission_param = EmissionParam(),
  transition = rep(0.99, nrow(emission)),
  chromosome = character(nrow(emission)),
  loglik = LogLik(),
  viterbi = Viterbi(),
  compute_posteriors = TRUE,
  verbose = FALSE
)

## S4 method for signature 'HmmParam'
show(object)

## S4 method for signature 'HmmParam'
nrow(x)

## S4 method for signature 'HmmParam'
nrow(x)
```

### **Arguments**

emission A matrix of emission probabilities emission\_param an object of class EmissionParam

transition vector of transition probabilities whose length is N-1, where N is the number

of markers. User should provide the probability that the state at marker j is the same as the state at marker j-1. It is assumed that the probability of transitioning

to state\_j from state\_j-1 is the same for all states != state\_j-1.

chromosome character vector

loglik an object of class LogLik viterbi an object of class Viterbi

compute\_posteriors

logical

verbose logical

object a HmmParam object x a HmmParam object

#### **Examples**

```
HmmParam()
```

24 IdiogramParams

hmmResults

Example output from the hidden markov model

### **Description**

The results of a 6-state HMM fit to simulated copy number and genotype data.

#### **Format**

a GRanges object

HmmTrellisParam

Constructor for HmmTrellisParam class

# Description

Constructor for HmmTrellisParam class

### Usage

```
HmmTrellisParam(
  ylimits = list(c(0, 1), c(-3, 1)),
  expandfun = function(g) {     width(g) * 50 }
)
```

### **Arguments**

ylimits length-two list of the y-axis limits for B allele frequencies and log R ratios,

respectively

expandfun a function that takes a length-one GRanges object as an argument and computes

a width relative to the width of the GRanges object

 ${\tt IdiogramParams}$ 

Constructor for IdiogramParam objects

# **Description**

Parameters for plotting idiograms

### Usage

```
IdiogramParams(
  seqnames = character(),
  seqlengths = numeric(),
  unit = "kb",
  genome = "hg19",
  box = list(color = "blue", lwd = 1)
)

## S4 method for signature 'IdiogramParams, ANY'
plot(x, y, ...)
```

IdiogramParams-class 25

### **Arguments**

seqnames	length-one character vector providing chromosome name
seqlengths	length-one numeric vector indicating size of chromosome
unit	character string indicating unit for genomic position
genome	character string indicating genome build
box	a list of parameters for plotting the box around the part of the idiogram that is plotted
x	an IdiogramParam object
У	ignored
	ignored

#### Value

IdiogramParam object

IdiogramParams-class Paramater class for plotting idiograms

# Description

Paramater class for plotting idiograms

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'IdiogramParams'
show(object)
```

# Arguments

object an IdiogramParam object

### **Slots**

```
seqnames length-one character vector providing chromosome name seqlengths length-one numeric vector indicating size of chromosome unit character string indicating unit for genomic position (default is 'kb') genome character string indicating genome build box a list of parameters for plotting the box around the part of the idiogram that is plotted.
```

26 isHeterozygous

#### **Examples**

isHeterozygous

Assess whether genotype is heterozygous based on BAFs

# **Description**

Assess whether genotype is heterozygous based on BAFs

# Usage

```
isHeterozygous(object, cutoff)
## S4 method for signature 'ArrayViews'
isHeterozygous(object, cutoff)
## S4 method for signature 'SnpArrayExperiment'
isHeterozygous(object, cutoff)
## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
isHeterozygous(object, cutoff)
## S4 method for signature 'matrix'
isHeterozygous(object, cutoff)
```

### **Arguments**

object a SnpArrayExperiment or ArrayViews object containing BAFs, a matrix of BAFs,

or a numeric vector of BAFs. vector of BAFs

cutoff a length-two numeric vector providing the range of BAFs consistent with allelic

heterozygosity

# **Examples**

```
if(require("BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg18")){
  bsgenome <- BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg18
  snp_exp <- getExampleSnpExperiment(bsgenome)</pre>
```

LogLik 27

```
is_het <- isHeterozygous(snp_exp[, 1], c(0.4, 0.6))
table(is_het)
}</pre>
```

LogLik

Constructor for LogLik class

#### **Description**

A container for the log likelihood of the Viterbi state path. Stores the log likelihood from succesive updates of model parameters. When the difference between the log likelihoods at iteration i and i-1 is below the tolerance, no additional updates are performed.

# Usage

```
LogLik(loglik = numeric(), tolerance = 1L)
```

#### **Arguments**

loglik length-one numeric vector for the log likelihood of the Viterbi state path

tolerance if the difference in the log-likelihood of the Viterbi state path after the Baum-

Welch update is less than the specified tolerance, no additional Baum-Welch

updates are required

#### See Also

LogLik

LogLik-class

Classes and methods for storing/getting log-likelihoods from Viterbi algorithm

#### **Description**

Exported for internal use by other BioC packages

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'LogLik'
length(x)

## S4 method for signature 'LogLik'
show(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
x object of class LogLikobject a LogLik object
```

28 IrrFile

#### **Slots**

```
loglik a numeric vector tolerance a numeric vector
```

### See Also

LogLik

lrrFile

Accessors for objects of class ArrayViews

# Description

Accessors for objects of class ArrayViews

# Usage

```
lrrFile(object)
lrrFile(object) <- value

bafFile(object)

gtFile(object)

## S4 method for signature 'ArrayViews'
lrrFile(object)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'ArrayViews'
lrrFile(object) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'ArrayViews'
bafFile(object)

## S4 method for signature 'ArrayViews'
gtFile(object)</pre>
```

# **Arguments**

object see showMethods("lrrFile")

value a character vector of filenames for the log R ratios

# **Examples**

```
views <- ArrayViews(parsedPath=tempdir())
sourcePaths(views)
lrrFile(views)
bafFile(views)
gtFile(views)</pre>
```

matrixOrNULL 29

matrixOrNULL

A class allowing matrix or NULL objects

# Description

Exported for internal use by other BioC packages

NA\_filter

Remove SNPs with NAs in any of the low-level estimates

# Description

Remove SNPs with NAs in any of the low-level estimates

# Usage

```
NA_filter(x, i)
```

# **Arguments**

x a container for SNP data (SnpArrayExperiment)

i integer vector to subset

### Value

An object of the same class

numberFeatures

The number of SNP/nonpolymorphic probes contained in a genomic interval

# Description

The number of SNP/nonpolymorphic probes contained in a genomic interval

# Usage

```
numberFeatures(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object

see showMethods(numberFeatures)

30 parseSourceFile

parsedPath

Complete path to directory for keeping parsed files

### Description

A character string indicating the complete path for storing parsed files.

### Usage

```
parsedPath(object)
## S4 method for signature 'ArrayViews'
parsedPath(object)
```

# Arguments

object a ArrayViews object

#### See Also

```
parseSourceFile ArrayViews
ArrayViews
```

parseSourceFile

Function for parsing GenomeStudio files

### **Description**

This function parses genome studio files, writing the low-level data for log R ratios, B allele frequencies, and genotypes to disk as integers (1 file per subject per data type).

### Usage

```
parseSourceFile(object, param)
## S4 method for signature 'ArrayViews,CopyNumScanParams'
parseSourceFile(object, param)
```

# **Arguments**

object An ArrayViews object

param An object of class CopyNumScanParams

### See Also

ArrayViews ArrayViews CopyNumScanParams

probability 31

#### **Examples**

```
require(BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg18)
  bsgenome <- BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg18
  require(data.table)
  extdir <- system.file("extdata", package="VanillaICE", mustWork=TRUE)</pre>
  features <- suppressWarnings(fread(file.path(extdir, "SNP_info.csv")))</pre>
  fgr <- GRanges(paste0("chr", features$Chr), IRanges(features$Position, width=1),</pre>
                  isSnp=features[["Intensity Only"]]==0)
  fgr <- SnpGRanges(fgr)</pre>
  names(fgr) <- features[["Name"]]</pre>
  seqlevels(fgr) \leftarrow seqlevels(bsgenome)[seqlevels(bsgenome) %in% seqlevels(fgr)]
  seqinfo(fgr) <- seqinfo(bsgenome)[seqlevels(fgr),]</pre>
  fgr <- sort(fgr)</pre>
  files <- list.files(extdir, full.names=TRUE, recursive=TRUE, pattern="FinalReport")</pre>
  views <- ArrayViews(rowRanges=fgr, sourcePaths=files, parsedPath=tempdir())</pre>
## read the first file
dat <- fread(files[1], skip="[Data]")</pre>
## information to store on the markers
select <- match(c("SNP Name", "Allele1 - AB", "Allele2 - AB",</pre>
                   "Log R Ratio", "B Allele Freq"), names(dat))
## which rows to keep in the MAP file. By matching on the sorted GRanges object
## containing the feature annotation, the low-level data for the log R ratios/
## B allele frequencies will also be sorted
index_genome <- match(names(fgr), dat[["SNP Name"]])</pre>
scan_params <- CopyNumScanParams(index_genome=index_genome, select=select)</pre>
##
## parse the source files
##
parseSourceFile(views, scan_params)
list.files(parsedPath(views))
## Inspecting source data through accessors defined on the views object
##
require(oligoClasses)
## log R ratios
r <- head(lrr(views))</pre>
## B allele frequencies
b <- head(baf(views))</pre>
g <- head(genotypes(views))</pre>
```

probability

Accessor for probability filter

#### **Description**

Accessor for probability filter

#### Usage

```
probability(object)
```

rowModes

# **Arguments**

object

a FilterParam object

rescale

Rescale a numeric vector

# Description

Rescale a numeric vector

# Usage

```
rescale(x, 1, u)
```

# **Arguments**

x numeric vector

lower limit of rescaled xu upper limit of rescaled x

rowModes

Robust statistics for matrices

# Description

Compute the column-wide or row-wise mode of numeric matrices

# Usage

```
rowModes(x)
colModes(x)
rowMAD(x, ...)
```

# Arguments

x matrix

. . . additional arguments to rowMedians

#### Value

numeric vector

#### See Also

mad

mad rowMedians

segs 33

### **Examples**

```
X <- matrix(rnorm(100), 10, 10)
rowMAD(X)</pre>
```

segs

Accessor for the HMM segments

# Description

Accessor to obtain all segments from the HMM.

# Usage

```
segs(object)
```

# Arguments

object

see showMethods(segs)

# Value

a GRanges-derived object

show, Viterbi-method

Show method for objects of class Viterbi

# Description

Show method for objects of class Viterbi

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Viterbi'
show(object)
```

# Arguments

object

a Viterbi object

snpArrayAssays

Create an assays object from log R ratios and B allele frequencies

# **Description**

This function is exported primarily for internal use by other BioC packages.

#### Usage

```
snpArrayAssays(cn = new("matrix"), baf = new("matrix"), ...)
```

### **Arguments**

```
    cn matrix of log R ratios
    baf matrix of B allele frequencies
    ... additional matrices of the same dimension, such as SNP genotypes.
```

#### **Examples**

```
data(snp_exp, package="VanillaICE")
r <- lrr(snp_exp)
b <- baf(snp_exp)
sl <- snpArrayAssays(cn=r, baf=b)</pre>
```

SnpArrayExperiment-class

A RangedSummarizedExperiment-derived class of marker-level SNP array data for copy number inference

# Description

Constructor for SnpArrayExperiment

# Usage

```
SnpArrayExperiment(
  cn,
  baf,
  rowRanges = GRanges(),
  colData = DataFrame(),
  isSnp = logical(),
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'missing'
SnpArrayExperiment(
  cn,
  baf,
  rowRanges = GRanges(),
```

SnpExperiment 35

```
colData = DataFrame(),
  isSnp = logical(),
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'matrix'
SnpArrayExperiment(
  cn,
  baf,
  rowRanges = GRanges(),
  colData = DataFrame(row.names = colnames(cn)),
  isSnp = logical(),
  ...
)
```

### **Arguments**

cn matrix of copy number estimates (e.g., log R ratios)

baf matrix of B allele frequencies

rowRanges GRanges object for SNPs/nonpolymorphic markers
colData DataFrame containing sample-level covariates
isSnp logical vector indicating whether marker is a SNP

... additional arguments passed to SummarizedExperiment() constructor function

### **Examples**

SnpExperiment

Constructor for SnpArrayExperiment

### **Description**

A single-argument generic function to construct a SnpArrayExperiment.

#### Usage

```
SnpExperiment(object)
## S4 method for signature 'ArrayViews'
SnpExperiment(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object see showMethods('SnpExperiment') for a list of supported objects

snp\_exp

#### **Examples**

```
view <- ArrayViews()
SnpExperiment(view)</pre>
```

SnpGRanges-class

An extension to GRanges for representing SNPs

### **Description**

An extension to GRanges for representing SNPs Constructor for SnpGRanges class

### Usage

```
SnpGRanges(object = GRanges(), isSnp, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'missing'
SnpGRanges(object, isSnp)
## S4 method for signature 'GRanges'
SnpGRanges(object, isSnp)
```

# **Arguments**

object A GRanges object

isSnp A logical vector. Each genomic interval in the GRanges container corresponds to

a marker on the genotyping array. isSnp is FALSE for nonpolymorphic markers

such as those included on the Affymetrix 6.0 chips.

... ignored

# Slots

elementMetadata a SnpDataFrame

### **Examples**

```
SnpGRanges()
g <- GRanges("chr1", IRanges(15L, 15L))
SnpGRanges(g, isSnp=TRUE)</pre>
```

snp\_exp

An example SnpArrayExperiment

#### **Description**

A container for low-level summaries used for downstream copy number estimation, including log R ratios, B allele frequencies, and genotypes

#### **Format**

```
a SnpArrayExperiment object
```

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sourcePaths

Accessor for file paths containing SNP-level summaries

# Description

Files containing SNP-level summaries for log R ratios, B allele frequencies, and genotypes – one sample per subject – are required.

# Usage

```
sourcePaths(object)
```

# Arguments

object

an ArrayViews object

# **Examples**

```
sourcePaths(ArrayViews())
```

```
start,oligoSnpSet-method
```

Retrieve genomic location of SNPs

# Description

Retrieve genomic location of SNPs

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'oligoSnpSet'
start(x)
```

# Arguments

x a oligoSnpSet object

38 sweepMode

```
state, HmmGRanges-method
```

Accessor for copy number state

### **Description**

Extract the copy number state for each genomic interval.

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'HmmGRanges'
state(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

a HmmGRanges object

state-methods

Accessor for the Viterbi state path

### **Description**

The states are represented as integers: 1=homozygous deletion, 2=hemizygous deletion, 3=diploid normal heterozygosity, 4=diploid region of homozygosity, 5=single copy gain, 6=two or more copy gain.

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Viterbi'
state(object)
```

# **Arguments**

object

a Viterbi object

sweepMode

Sweep the modal log R ratio (by row or column) from a matrix of log R ratios

# Description

This function simplifies the process of sweeping the modal log R ratio from the rows or columns of a SnpArrayExperiment object. It is most useful when a large number of samples (more than 10) are available and the dataset is a collection of germline samples. We assume that the samples are from a single batch and that the modal value will be a robust estimate of the mean log R ratio for diploid copy number. Variation in the modal estimates between markers is presumed to be attributable to probe effects (e.g., differences hybridization efficiency/PCR do to sequence composition). For sex chromosomes, one should apply this function separately to men and women and then recenter the resulting matrix according to the expected copy number.

threshold 39

### Usage

```
sweepMode(x, MARGIN)
## S4 method for signature 'SnpArrayExperiment'
sweepMode(x, MARGIN)
```

### **Arguments**

x see showMethods(sweepMode)

MARGIN integer indicating which margin (1=rows, 2=columns) to sweep the mode

#### Value

an object of the same class as x

# **Examples**

```
data(snp_exp)
snp_exp_rowcentered <- sweepMode(snp_exp, 1)
snp_exp_colcentered <- sweepMode(snp_exp, 2)
x <- lrr(snp_exp)
x_rowcentered <- sweep(x, 1, rowModes(x))
all.equal(lrr(snp_exp_rowcentered), x_rowcentered)</pre>
```

threshold

Threshold numeric values

### Description

Threshold numeric values according to user-specific limits. The thresholded values can also be jittered near the limits.

# Usage

```
threshold(x, \lim = c(-\inf, \inf), amount = 0)
```

### **Arguments**

x numeric matrix or vector

limit at which to threshold entries in x

amount see jitter

#### See Also

```
jitter
```

# Examples

```
x <- rnorm(1000, 0, 3)
y <- threshold(x, c(-5,5))
range(y)</pre>
```

40 updateHmmParams

TransitionParam

Constructor for TransitionParam class

#### **Description**

Contains parameters for computing transition probabilities

#### Usage

```
TransitionParam(taup = 1e+10, taumax = 1 - 5e+06)
## S4 method for signature 'TransitionParam'
show(object)
```

# **Arguments**

taup length-one numeric vector

taumax The maximum probability that the current state is the same as the preceding

state. See details

object a TransitionParam object

#### **Details**

Diagonal elements of the transition probability matrix are computed as  $e^{-2*d/taup}$ , where d is the distance between markers i and i-1 and taup is typically in the range of 1xe10. This probability is constrained to be no larger than taumax. The probabilities on the off-diagonal elements are the same and are subject to the constraint that the rows of the transition probability matrix sum to 1.

# **Examples**

```
TransitionParam()
## higher values of taup make transitions between states less likely
TransitionParam(taup=1e12)
```

updateHmmParams

Run the Baum-Welch algorithm to update HMM parameters

### **Description**

This function is not intended to be called directly by the user. It is exported in the package NAMES-PACE for internal use by other BioC packages.

# Usage

```
updateHmmParams(
  object,
  emission_param = EmissionParam(),
  transition_param = TransitionParam()
)
```

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### **Arguments**

```
object a SnpArrayExperiment object
emission_param a EmissionParam object
transition_param
a TransitionParam object
```

VanillaICE	A hidden markov model for detection of germline copy number variants from arrays
viewports	Default viewports for plotting CNV data with lattice-style graphics

### **Description**

Default viewports for plotting CNV data with lattice-style graphics

# Usage

```
viewports()
```

#### Value

list

### See Also

```
xyplotList xygrid
```

### **Examples**

```
vps <- viewports()</pre>
```

xyplotList

Lattice-style plots for granges and SnpArrayExperiment objects

### **Description**

Data for the graphic is generated by a call to grangesData.

### Usage

```
xyplotList(granges, se, param = HmmTrellisParam())
## S4 method for signature 'HmmGRanges,SnpArrayExperiment'
xyplotList(granges, se, param = HmmTrellisParam())
## S4 method for signature 'GRangesList,SnpArrayExperiment'
xyplotList(granges, se, param = HmmTrellisParam())
xygrid(trellis_plot, viewports, granges)
```

42 xyplotList

# **Arguments**

granges a HmmGRanges object se a SnpArrayExperiment

param trellis parameters for plotting HMM

trellis\_plot an object of class trellis

viewports a list of viewports as provided by the viewports function

### See Also

viewports

### **Examples**

```
if(require("BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg18")){
  bsgenome <- BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg18
  snp_exp <- getExampleSnpExperiment(bsgenome)
  seqlevels(snp_exp, pruning.mode="coarse") <- "chr22"
  fit <- hmm2(snp_exp)
  g <- reduce(hemizygous(fit), min.gapwidth=500e3)
  trellis_param <- HmmTrellisParam()
  fig <- xyplotList(g, snp_exp, trellis_param)
  vps <- viewports()
  xygrid(fig[[1]], vps, g)
}</pre>
```

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