

Package ‘scplot’

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Type Package

Title Plot Function for Single-Case Data Frames

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Description Add-on for the 'scan' package that creates plots

from single-case data frames ('scdf'). It includes functions for styling
single-case plots, adding phase-based lines to indicate various statistical
parameters, and predefined themes for presentations and publications. More
information and in depth examples can be found in the online book
‘‘Analyzing Single-Case Data with R and 'scan''
Jürgen Wilbert (2023) <<https://jazznbass.github.io/scan-Book/>>.

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scplot-package	<i>Single-Case Data Plots</i>
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Description

A collection of procedures for visualizing single-case data. It is an add-on package for the `scanc` package.

Author(s)

Juergen Wilbert [aut, cre]

add_arrow	<i>Add arrows to an scplot</i>
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Description

Add arrows to an scplot

Usage

```
add_arrow(  
  object,  
  case = 1,  
  x0,  
  y0,  
  x1,  
  y1,  
  color = "black",  
  angle = 30,  
  length = unit(5, "points"),  
  type = "open",  
  ends = "last",  
  linewidth = 0.7  
)
```

Arguments

object	An scplot object (class <code>scplot</code>) returned from the <code>scplot()</code> function.
case	Numerical vector with the case number or character string. <code>case = "all"</code> for all cases.
x0	Origin x position of the line.
y0	Origin y position of the line.
x1	End x position of the line.
y1	End y position of the line.
color	A character string or a number defining the color of an element.
angle	Angle (in [0,360])
length	Size of the arrow angels.
type	One of "open" or "closed" indicating whether the arrow head should be a closed triangle.
ends	One of "last", "first", or "both", indicating which ends of the line to draw arrow heads.
linewidth	A number with the width of the line.

Value

An object of class `scplot` (see [scplot\(\)](#)) with added element arrows.

Examples

```
data(exampleAB, package = "scan")  
p1 <- scplot(exampleAB$Anja) |>  
  add_arrow(case = 1, 2, 70, 6, 55, color = "darkred")
```

`add_grid`

Add grid to an scplot

Description

Add grid to an scplot

Usage

`add_grid(object, ...)`

Arguments

`object` An scplot object (class `scplot`) returned from the `scplot()` function.
`...` Line arguments (see [element_line\(\)](#))

Value

An object of class `scplot` (see [scplot\(\)](#)).

See Also

[element_line\(\)](#)

Examples

```
data(exampleAB, package = "scan")
p1 <- scplot(exampleAB$Anja) |>
  set_theme("minimal") |>
  add_grid(color = "grey70")
```

`add_labels`

Add value labels to an scplot

Description

Add value labels to an scplot

Usage

```
add_labels(  
  object,  
  nudge_y = 5,  
  nudge_x = 0,  
  round = NULL,  
  text = list(),  
  background = list(),  
  variable = ".dvar",  
  padding = NULL  
)
```

Arguments

object	An scplot object (class <code>scplot</code>) returned from the <code>scplot()</code> function.
nudge_y	Offset on the y-axis.
nudge_x	Offset on the x-axis.
round	Number of digits of the labels.
text	List with text parameters ("family", "face", "colour", "size", "hjust", "vjust", "angle", "lineheight"). See element_text() .
background	A list with background styling arguments (fill, color, size, linetype).
variable	Name of the dataline variable to apply the style.
padding	Padding size around text.

Value

An object of class `scplot` (see [scplot\(\)](#)) with added/changed element labels.

add_legend	<i>Add a legend to an scplot</i>
------------	----------------------------------

Description

Add a legend to an scplot

Usage

```
add_legend(  
  object,  
  labels = NULL,  
  section_labels = c("Lines", "Phases"),  
  case = 1,  
  position = "right",  
  datalines = TRUE,  
  statlines = TRUE,
```

```

phases = TRUE,
title = NULL,
text = NULL,
background = NULL
)

```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	An scplot object (class <code>scplot</code>) returned from the <code>scplot()</code> function.
<code>labels</code>	A character vector. Replaces the automatically build labels. When a vector element is NA, the corresponding element will not be replaced (e.g. <code>c(NA, "Variable 2", NA, "Variable 4")</code>).
<code>section_labels</code>	A character vector of length two. The labels for the lines section and phase section.
<code>case</code>	Numerical vector with the case number or character string. <code>case = "all"</code> for all cases.
<code>position</code>	The position ("none", "left", "right", "bottom", "top", or two-element numeric vector)
<code>datalines</code>	If TRUE, a legend for the datalines is generated.
<code>statlines</code>	If TRUE, a legend for the statlines is generated.
<code>phases</code>	If TRUE, a legend for the phases is generated.
<code>title</code>	A list with text style parameters for the title.
<code>text</code>	List with text parameters ("family", "face", "colour", "size", "hjust", "vjust", "angle", "lineheight"). See element_text() .
<code>background</code>	A list with background styling arguments (fill, color, size, linetype).

Value

An object of class `scplot` (see [scplot\(\)](#)) with changed element legend.

<code>add_marks</code>	<i>Add marks to an scplot</i>
------------------------	-------------------------------

Description

Add marks to an scplot

Usage

```

add_marks(
  object,
  case = 1,
  positions,
  color = "red",

```

```

size = 1,
shape = 1,
variable = ".dvar"
)

```

Arguments

object	An scplot object (class scplot) returned from the <code>scplot()</code> function.
case	Numerical vector with the case number or character string. <code>case = "all"</code> for all cases.
positions	Either a vector indicating the points to be highlighted or a character string with a logical expression (e.g. <code>values < mean(values)</code>)
color	A character string or a number defining the color of an element.
size	Text size relative to the base text size.
shape	Number. See <code>pch</code> graphical parameter on <code>par</code> help page par() .
variable	Name of the dataline variable to apply the style.

Details

If `positions` is an object returned from an outlier analysis ([outlier\(\)](#)), the corresponding outliers are marked.

Value

An object of class `scplot` (see [scplot\(\)](#)) with changed element marks.

Examples

```

library(scan)
p1 <- scplot(exampleA1B1A2B2$Moritz) |> add_marks(positions = c(1,5,10,14))
p1 <- scplot(Huber2014) |> add_marks(positions = outlier(Huber2014))

```

add_ridge

Add a ridge to an scplot

Description

Add a ridge to an scplot

Usage

```
add_ridge(object, color = "grey98", variable = ".dvar")
```

Arguments

object	An scplot object (class <code>scplot</code>) returned from the <code>scplot()</code> function.
color	A character string or a number defining the color of an element.
variable	Name of the dataline variable to apply the style.

Value

An object of class `scplot` (see [scplot\(\)](#)) with changed element `ridges`.

`add_statline`

Add a statline to an scplot

Description

Add a statline to an scplot

Usage

```
add_statline(
  object,
  stat = c("mean", "median", "min", "max", "quantile", "sd", "mad", "trend", "trendA",
  "trendA bisplit", "trendA trisplit", "trendA theil-sen", "movingMean", "moving mean",
  "moving median", "movingMedian", "loreg", "lowess", "loess"),
  phase = NULL,
  color = NULL,
  linewidth = NULL,
  linetype = NULL,
  variable = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object	An scplot object (class <code>scplot</code>) returned from the <code>scplot()</code> function.
stat	A character string for defining a statistical line or curve to be plotted.
phase	Either a numeric or a character vector specifying the reference phase (see details)
color	A character string or a number defining the color of an element.
linewidth	A number with the width of the line.
linetype	A character string with the line type: "solid", "dashed", "dotted"
variable	Name of the dataline variable to apply the style.
...	additional parameters passed to the statistical function.

Details

The phase argument defines the reference phase for some statistical functions ("median", "mean", "min", "max", "quantile"). The default is NULL which calculates and plots statistics for each phase separately. The arguments takes a numeric vector (phase number(s)) or a character vector (phase name(s)). When more than one phase is defines, statistics are based on the combined values of these phases. Various methods for an extrapolated *trendA* line exist: "trendA" is based on an OLS regression, "trendA theil-sen" on a nonparametric regression, and "trendA bisplit" / "trendA trisplit" are two median based approaches. Some of the functions defined in stats have additional arguments. The **mean()** function has a trim argument (e.g. `trim = 0.1`). **quantile()** has a proportion argument (e.g. `prob = 0.75` for calculating the 75% quantile). moving mean and moving median have a lag argument (e.g. `lag = 2`). The local-regression curve function "lowess" (or "loreg") has a proportion argument (e.g. `f = 0.5`; see **lowess()**) and the local-regression curve function "loess" has a span argument (e.g. `span = 0.75`; see **loess()**).

Value

An object of class scplot (see **scplot()**) with changed element `statlines`.

`add_text`

Add test to an scplot

Description

Add test to an scplot

Usage

```
add_text(
  object,
  label,
  case = 1,
  x,
  y,
  color = "black",
  size = 1,
  angle = 0,
  hjust = 0.5,
  vjust = 0.5,
  face = 1
)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	An scplot object (class scplot) returned from the scplot() function.
<code>label</code>	A Character vector with text labels.
<code>case</code>	Numerical vector with the case number or character string. <code>case = "all"</code> for all cases.

x	x position
y	y position
color	A character string or a number defining the color of an element.
size	Text size relative to the base text size.
angle	Angle (in [0,360])
hjust	Horizontal justification (in [0,1])
vjust	Vertical justification (in [0,1])
face	Font face ("plain", "italic", "bold", "bold.italic")

Value

An object of class `scplot` (see [scplot\(\)](#)) with a changed `texts` element.

add_title*Add title and caption to an scplot***Description**

Add title and caption to an scplot

Usage

```
add_title(object, label, ...)
add_caption(object, label, ...)
```

Arguments

object	An <code>scplot</code> object (class <code>scplot</code>) returned from the <code>scplot()</code> function.
label	A Character vector with text labels.
...	List with text parameters ("family", "face", "colour", "size", "hjust", "vjust", "angle", "lineheight"). See element_text() .

Value

An object of class `scplot` (see [scplot\(\)](#)) with changed `title` and `caption` elements.

as_ggplot	<i>Creates a ggplot2 object from an scplot() object</i>
-----------	---

Description

Creates a ggplot2 object from an [scplot\(\)](#) object

Usage

```
as_ggplot(scplot)
```

Arguments

scplot	An scplot object
--------	------------------

Details

as_ggplot() is used when you want to return a ggplot2 object for further use with external ggplot functions.

Value

A ggplot2 plot object.

element_point	<i>Point element</i>
---------------	----------------------

Description

In conjunction with ggplot an object to represent point attributes.

Usage

```
element_point(colour = NULL, size = NULL, shape = NULL, color = NULL)
```

Arguments

size	Relative size.
shape	Point shape.
color, colour	Point colour.

Value

An object of class c("element_point", "element").

new_theme*Create a new scplot theme***Description**

Create a new scplot theme

Usage

```
new_theme()
extract_theme(object)
```

Arguments

object An scplot object (class `scplot`) returned from the `scplot()` function.

Value

An scplot-theme object
An object of class `scplot-theme` which can be used with the `set_theme()` function.

Examples

```
data(exampleABC, package = "scan")
my_theme <- new_theme() |>
  set_panel(color = "red") |>
  set_base_text(size = 12, color = "blue") |>
  set_dataline(color = "darkred", linewidth = 2)
p1 <- scplot(exampleABC) |> set_theme(my_theme)
```

scplot*Plot single-case data***Description**

This function provides a plot of a single-case or multiple single-cases.

Usage

```
scplot(scdf)
```

Arguments

scdf A single-case data-frame object (scdf).

Value

An object of class `scplot` containing the single-case data (element `scdf`), and information about the plot style (element `theme`).

Author(s)

Juergen Wilbert

`set_background` *Set plot and panel background of an scplot*

Description

Set plot and panel background of an `scplot`

Usage

```
set_background(object, ...)  
set_panel(object, ...)
```

Arguments

`object` An `scplot` object (class `scplot`) returned from the `scplot()` function.
`...` List with rectangle parameters ("fill", "colour", "linewidth", "linetype").
See `element_rect()`.

Value

An object of class `scplot` (see [scplot\(\)](#)).

Examples

```
data(exampleAB, package = "scan")  
p1 <- scplot(exampleAB) |>  
  set_background(fill = "lightblue", colour = "darkblue", linewidth = 1.5) |>  
  set_panel(fill = "deepskyblue", color = "darkblue", linewidth = 0.3)
```

`set_base_text` *Set base text parameters of an scplot*

Description

Set base text parameters of an scplot

Usage

```
set_base_text(object, ...)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|---------------------|--|
| <code>object</code> | An scplot object (class <code>scplot</code>) returned from the <code>scplot()</code> function. |
| <code>...</code> | List with text parameters ("family", "face", "colour", "size", "hjust", "vjust", "angle", "lineheight").
See element_text() . |

Value

An object of class `scplot` (see [scplot\(\)](#)).

`set_casenames` *Set casenames of an scplot*

Description

Set casenames of an scplot

Usage

```
set_casenames(object, labels = NULL, position = NULL, background = list(), ...)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|-------------------------|--|
| <code>object</code> | An scplot object (class <code>scplot</code>) returned from the <code>scplot()</code> function. |
| <code>labels</code> | A Character vector with text labels. |
| <code>position</code> | Either "topleft", "bottomleft", "topright", "bottomright", "strip-right", "strip-top", or a numerical vector of length 2 with the x and y position (e.g. <code>c(19, 20)</code>). |
| <code>background</code> | A list with background styling arguments (fill, color, size, linetype). |
| <code>...</code> | List with text parameters ("family", "face", "colour", "size", "hjust", "vjust", "angle", "lineheight").
See element_text() . |

Value

An object of class `scplot` (see [scplot\(\)](#)) with a changed casenames element.

set_dataline	<i>Set data lines of an scplot</i>
--------------	------------------------------------

Description

Either set aesthetics of the default data line or add another data line.

Usage

```
set_dataline(object, variable = NULL, line, point, type = "continuous", ...)  
add_dataline(...)
```

Arguments

object	An scplot object (class <code>scplot</code>) returned from the <code>scplot()</code> function.
variable	String. The name of a new variable for adding a new line. If left empty, the aesthetics of the default data line are changed.
line	List with line parameters ("colour", "linewidth", "linetype", "lineend", "arrow"). See element_line() .
point	A list with point parameters ("colour", "size", "shape"). See element_point() .
type	Either "continuous" or "discrete"
...	As a shortcut, arguments passed here are bundled as line arguments (see element_line()).

Value

An object of class `scplot` (see [scplot\(\)](#)) with a changed `datalines` element.

See Also

[element_line\(\)](#), [element_point\(\)](#)

Examples

```
data(exampleAB_add, package = "scan")  
p1 <- scplot(exampleAB_add) |>  
  set_dataline("depression", color = "darkblue")
```

`set_phasenames` *Set phasenames of an scplot*

Description

Set phasenames of an scplot

Usage

```
set_phasenames(object, labels = NULL, position = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|-----------------------|--|
| <code>object</code> | An scplot object (class <code>scplot</code>) returned from the <code>scplot()</code> function. |
| <code>labels</code> | A Character vector with text labels. |
| <code>position</code> | Character string either 'left', 'center', or 'none'. |
| <code>...</code> | List with text parameters ("family", "face", "colour", "size", "hjust", "vjust", "angle", "lineheight").
See element_text() . |

Value

An object of class `scplot` (see `scplot()`) with a changed `phasenames` element.

`set_separator` *Set separator line in an scplot*

Description

Set separator line in an scplot

Usage

```
set_separator(object, ...)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|---------------------|---|
| <code>object</code> | An scplot object (class <code>scplot</code>) returned from the <code>scplot()</code> function. |
| <code>...</code> | List with line parameters ("colour", "linewidth", "linetype"). |

Value

An object of class `scplot` (see `scplot()`).

`set_theme`*Add a theme of to an scplot*

Description

Possible themes are: 'basic', 'grid', 'default', 'small', 'tiny', 'big', 'minimal', 'dark', 'sienna', 'phas

Usage

```
set_theme(object, theme, ...)  
add_theme(...)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|--------|--|
| object | An scplot object (class <code>scplot</code>) returned from the <code>scplot()</code> function. |
| theme | A character string with a predefined graphical theme or a theme object created with <code>new_theme()</code> . |
| ... | Further character strings or <code>scplot-theme</code> objects that are "added" on top. |

Value

An object of class `scplot` (see `scplot()`) with a changed `theme` element.

`set_theme_element`*Set a theme element*

Description

Set a theme element

Usage

```
set_theme_element(object, ...)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|--------|---|
| object | An scplot object (class <code>scplot</code>) returned from the <code>scplot()</code> function. |
| ... | various style parameter |

Details

Usually, you don't need this function. Possible theme elements are: "text", "plot.background", "panel.background", "panel.spacing.y", "dataline", "datapoint", "statline", "axis.expand.x", "axis.expand.y", "axis.line.x", "axis.line.y", "axis.ticks.length", "axis.ticks", "axis.title.y", "axis.title.x", "axis.text.x", "axis.text.y", "plot.title", "plot.caption", "plot.margin", "casenames", "casenames.strip", "casenames.background", "casenames.position", "phasenames", "phasenames.position.x", "separators", "separators.extent", "label.text", "label.background", "label.padding", "grid", "legend.position", "legend.background", "legend.text", "legend.title", "legend.margin".

The elements are of the following classes:

- text = c("element_text", "element"),
- plot.background = c("element_rect", "element"),
- panel.spacing.y = c("simpleUnit", "unit", "unit_v2"),
- dataline = "list",
- datapoint = "list",
- statline = c("element_line", "element"),
- axis.expand.x = "numeric",
- axis.expand.y = "numeric",
- axis.line.x = c("element_line", "element"),
- axis.line.y = c("element_line", "element"),
- axis.ticks.length = c("simpleUnit", "unit", "unit_v2"),
- axis.ticks = c("element_line", "element"),
- axis.title.y = c("element_text", "element"),
- axis.title.x = c("element_text", "element"),
- axis.text.x = c("element_text", "element"),
- axis.text.y = c("element_text", "element"),
- plot.title = c("element_text", "element"),
- plot.caption = c("element_text", "element"),
- plot.margin = c("margin", "simpleUnit", "unit", "unit_v2"),
- casenames = c("element_text", "element"),
- casenames.strip = c("element_rect", "element"),
- casenames.background = c("element_rect", "element"),
- casenames.position = "character",
- phasenames = c("element_text", "element"),
- phasenames.position.x = "character",
- separators = c("element_line", "element"),
- separators.extent = "character",
- label.text = c("element_text", "element"),
- label.background = c("element_rect", "element"),

- `label.padding = "numeric", grid = c("element_line", "element"),`
- `legend.position = "character",`
- `legend.background = c("element_rect", "element"),`
- `legend.text = c("element_text", "element"),`
- `legend.title = c("element_text", "element"),`
- `legend.margin = c("margin", "simpleUnit", "unit", "unit_v2")`

Value

An object of class `scplot` (see [scplot\(\)](#)) with a changed theme element.

Examples

```
data(exampleABC, package = "scan")
p1 <- scplot(exampleABC) |>
  set_theme_element(
    axis.ticks.length = unit(0, "points"),
    axis.line.y = element_line(color = "darkred", linewidth = 2),
    panel.background = element_rect(color = "darkblue", linewidth = 1),
    panel.spacing.y = unit(0, "points"),
    phasenames = element_text(color = "#00000000")
  )
```

set_xaxis

Set axis parameters of an scplot

Description

Set axis parameters of an scplot

Usage

```
set_xaxis(
  object,
  limits = NULL,
  increment = NULL,
  increment_from = NULL,
  line = NULL,
  expand = NULL,
  ...
)

set_yaxis(
  object,
  limits = NULL,
  increment = NULL,
  increment_from = NULL,
```

```
line = NULL,
expand = NULL,
...
)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	An scplot object (class <code>scplot</code>) returned from the <code>scplot()</code> function.
<code>limits</code>	Lower and upper limits of the axis (e.g., <code>limits = c(0, 20)</code> sets the axis to a scale from 0 to 20). With multiple single-cases you can use <code>limits = c(0, NA)</code> to scale the axis from 0 to the maximum of each case. <code>limits</code> is not set by default, which makes <code>scplot</code> set a proper scale based on the given data.
<code>increment</code>	An integer. Increment of the x-axis. 1 :each mt value will be printed, 2 : every other value, 3 : every third values etc.
<code>increment_from</code>	Number from which increment starts to count. Usually set to 0 if you want marks like 1,5,10,15,...
<code>line</code>	List with line parameters ("colour", "linewidth", "linetype", "lineend", "arrow"). See <code>element_line()</code> .
<code>expand</code>	Vector with two values.
<code>...</code>	Further styling arguments: color, size, face, family, hjust, vjust, lineheight, angle, linetype, lineend, arrow, fill, margin.

Value

An object of class `scplot` (see `scplot()`) with changed `xaxis` and `yaxis` elements.

`set_xlabel`

Set label for axis

Description

Set label for axis

Usage

```
set_xlabel(object, label = NULL, ...)
set_ylabel(object, label = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	An scplot object (class <code>scplot</code>) returned from the <code>scplot()</code> function.
<code>label</code>	A Character vector with text labels.
<code>...</code>	Further styling arguments: color, size, face, family, hjust, vjust, lineheight, angle, linetype, lineend, arrow, fill, margin.

Value

An object of class `scplot` (see [scplot\(\)](#)) with a changed `xlabel` or `ylabel` element.

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