

Package ‘VennDetail’

September 3, 2025

Type Package

Title Comprehensive Visualization and Analysis of Multi-Set Intersections

Version 1.25.3

Date 2025-07-01

Description A comprehensive package for visualizing multi-set intersections and extracting detailed subset information. VennDetail generates high-resolution visualizations including traditional Venn diagrams, Venn-pie plots, and UpSet-style plots. It provides functions to extract and combine subset details with user datasets in various formats. The package is particularly useful for bioinformatics applications but can be used for any multi-set analysis.

License GPL-2

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

Depends R (>= 4.0.0),

Imports dplyr, DT, methods, ggplot2, grDevices, magrittr, patchwork, plotly, purrr, rlang, shiny, stats, tibble, tidyr, htmlwidgets, utils

Suggests knitr, markdown, RColorBrewer, rmarkdown, rstudioapi, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

VignetteBuilder knitr

URL <https://github.com/guokai8/VennDetail>

BugReports <https://github.com/guokai8/VennDetail/issues>

Roxygen list(roclets = c("`namespace", "`rd"))

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

biocViews DataRepresentation, GraphAndNetwork, Visualization, Software

NeedsCompilation no

git_url <https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/VennDetail>

git_branch devel

git_last_commit 971b7d9

git_last_commit_date 2025-08-11

Repository Bioconductor 3.22

Date/Publication 2025-09-02

Author Kai Guo [aut, cre],

Brett McGregor [aut]

Maintainer Kai Guo <guokai8@gmail.com>

Contents

VennDetail-package	3
.add_colnames	4
.findOverlap	5
.make.table	5
.vennDiagram	6
add_prefix	7
add_rownames_column	7
as.data.frame.Venn	8
compareVenn	8
create_interactive_vennpie	9
detail	10
detail,Venn-method	11
dim.Venn	12
dplot	12
dplot,Venn-method	13
getFeature	14
getFeature,Venn-method	16
getSet	17
getSet,Venn-method	18
head.Venn	18
loadVenn	19
make.subset	20
make_subset	21
make_truth_table	21
merge.Venn	22
merge.Venn	23
names.Venn	23
newVenn	24
plot.Venn	25
result	30
result,Venn-method	31
rowjoin	32
rowjoin,data.frame,data.frame-method	33
saveVenn	33
setcolor	34
set_rownames	35
show Venn	36
show,Venn-method	36
summary.Venn	37
summary.Venn	38
T2DM	39
tail.Venn	39
upsetPlot	40
upsetPlot,Venn-method	43
upset_plot	46

Venn-class	49
vennApp	50
venndetail	51
vennDiagram	52
vennDiagram,Venn-method	53
vennEnrichment	55
vennpie	56
vennpie,Venn-method	58
vennStats	59
vennStats,Venn-method	60
[.Venn	61
\$.Venn	62

Index63

VennDetail-package	<i>VennDetail: Comprehensive Visualization and Analysis of Multi-Set Intersections</i>
--------------------	--

Description

A comprehensive package for visualizing multi-set intersections and extracting detailed subset information. VennDetail generates high-resolution visualizations including traditional Venn diagrams, Venn-pie plots, and UpSet-style plots. It provides functions to extract and combine subset details with user datasets in various formats.

Details

The VennDetail package offers several powerful visualization and analysis tools:

Visualization methods:

- Traditional Venn diagram (for 2-5 sets)
- VennPie visualization (useful for more than 5 sets)
- UpSet plot (matrix-based visualization)
- Bar plot (simple visualization of subset sizes)

Key features:

- Extraction of elements in any subset combination
- Combining subset information with user-supplied data frames
- Statistical analysis of set intersections
- Enrichment analysis for set members
- Interactive visualizations
- High-resolution figure export
- Shiny app for interactive exploration

Getting Started

To create a Venn object for analysis:

```
““ # Create sample datasets A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE) B <- sample(1:100, 60,
replace = FALSE) C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
# Create a Venn object res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C)) ““
```

Visualization

```

““ # Traditional Venn diagram vennDiagram(res)
# VennPie visualization vennpie(res)
# UpSet plot upsetPlot(res)
# Bar plot dplot(res, order = TRUE)
# Generic plot function with type selection plot(res, type = "venn") ““

```

Data Extraction

```

““ # Extract elements shared by all sets shared <- getSet(res, "Shared")
# Extract elements unique to set A unique_to_A <- getSet(res, "A") ““

```

Statistical Analysis

```

““ # Test for significance of overlaps stats <- vennStats(res) ““

```

Author(s)

Kai Guo, Brett McGregor

See Also

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/guokai8/VennDetail>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/guokai8/VennDetail/issues>

.add_colnames

Give first colname as RowNxyz

Description

Give first colname as RowNxyz

Usage

```
.add_colnames(x)
```

Arguments

x data frame

Value

return data frame with the first colnames change to "RowNxyz"

<code>.findOverlap</code>	<i>Find overlap between sets in a list</i>
---------------------------	--

Description

Find overlap between sets in a list

Usage

```
.findOverlap(setlist, xlim = c(0, 1), ylim = c(0, 1))
```

Arguments

<code>setlist</code>	list of character vectors.
<code>xlim</code>	vector with 2 numbers, x axis limits for the venn diagram.
<code>ylim</code>	vector with 2 numbers, y axis limits for the venn diagram.

Value

list with 2 items: a data.frame with information about the groups (sizes, coordinates, etc.), and a data.frame containing the x and y coordinates for the venn diagram

<code>.make.table</code>	<i>make table for venndetail modified from make.truth.table (VennDiagram)</i>
--------------------------	---

Description

make table for venndetail modified from make.truth.table (VennDiagram)

Usage

```
.make.table(x)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	A list with input groups
----------------	--------------------------

Value

A data frame with logical vector columns and $2^{\text{length}(x)} - 1$ rows.

Author(s)

Kai Guo

.vennDiagram

Create a standalone Venn diagram

Description

This function creates a standalone Venn diagram for 2-5 sets

Usage

```
.vennDiagram(
  setlist,
  title = NULL,
  colors = NULL,
  alpha = 0.4,
  showNumbers = TRUE,
  numberSize = 4,
  numberColor = "black",
  labelSize = 4,
  labelColor = "black",
  borderCol = FALSE,
  fillCol = TRUE,
  fixedCoords = TRUE,
  xlim = c(0, 1),
  ylim = c(0, 1)
)
```

Arguments

setlist	A named list of character vectors, each representing a set
title	Optional title for the plot
colors	Vector of colors for the sets. If NULL, default colors will be used
alpha	Transparency level for the circles (0-1)
showNumbers	Logical, whether to show counts and percentages in each region
numberSize	Size of the count labels
numberColor	Color of the count labels
labelSize	Size of the set labels
labelColor	Color of the set labels
borderCol	Logical, whether to color the borders of circles
fillCol	Logical, whether to fill circles with colors
fixedCoords	Logical, whether to use fixed coordinates
xlim	Vector with 2 numbers, x axis limits for the venn diagram
ylim	Vector with 2 numbers, y axis limits for the venn diagram

Value

A ggplot object

Author(s)

Kai Guo

add_prefix	<i>Add prefix to column names</i>
------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Adds a prefix to column names except for "RowNxyz"

Usage

```
add_prefix(x, prefix, sep = "_")
```

Arguments

x	A data.frame
prefix	Prefix to add
sep	Separator between prefix and original column name

Value

A data.frame with prefixed column names

Author(s)

Kai Guo

add_rownames_column	<i>Add row names as a column</i>
---------------------	----------------------------------

Description

Adds row names as a column named "RowNxyz"

Usage

```
add_rownames_column(x)
```

Arguments

x	A data.frame
---	--------------

Value

A data.frame with row names as a column

Author(s)

Kai Guo

<code>as.data.frame.Venn</code>	<i>Convert a Venn object to a data frame</i>
---------------------------------	--

Description

Converts a Venn object to a data frame for easier manipulation

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Venn'
as.data.frame(x, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	A Venn object
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments (not used)

Value

A data frame with subset information

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
# Create a Venn object
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B))

# Convert to data frame
df <- as.data.frame(res)
head(df)
```

<code>compareVenn</code>	<i>Compare two Venn objects</i>
--------------------------	---------------------------------

Description

Compares two Venn objects and returns a list of differences

Usage

```
compareVenn(x, y, what = c("groups", "subsets", "all"))
```


Arguments

x	First Venn object
y	Second Venn object
what	What to compare: "groups" (default), "subsets", or "all"

Value

A list with differences between the objects

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
# Create two Venn objects
A1 <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B1 <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
res1 <- venndetail(list(A = A1, B = B1))

A2 <- sample(1:100, 45, replace = FALSE)
B2 <- sample(1:100, 55, replace = FALSE)
res2 <- venndetail(list(A = A2, B = B2))

# Compare the objects
compareVenn(res1, res2)
```

create_interactive_vennpie

Create an interactive vennpie chart with plotly

Description

Creates a simple pie chart visualization for interactive exploration of set intersections

Usage

```
create_interactive_vennpie(
  object,
  subset = NULL,
  any = NULL,
  color = NULL,
  revcolor = "lightgrey",
  title = NULL
)
```

Arguments

object	A Venn object
subset	Character vector of subset names to highlight
any	Highlight subsets shared by exactly this many sets
color	Optional vector of colors for the subsets
revcolor	Color for non-highlighted subsets
title	Optional plot title

Value

A plotly object

Author(s)

Kai Guo

detail

Get subset details from a Venn object

Description

Returns a named numeric vector with counts for each subset

The objective of this function is to summarize the overlaps across groups identified by `venndetail` without creating diagram.

Usage

```
detail(object)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'Venn'
detail(object)
```

Arguments

object	A Venn object
--------	---------------

Value

A named numeric vector with counts for each subset

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```

A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
detail(res)
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
detail(res)

```

detail, Venn-method	<i>Get subset details from a Venn object</i>
---------------------	--

Description

Returns a named numeric vector with counts for each subset

Usage

```

## S4 method for signature 'Venn'
detail(object)

```

Arguments

object A Venn object

Value

A named numeric vector with counts for each subset

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```

A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
detail(res)

```

dim.Venn	<i>Get the dimensions of a Venn object</i>
----------	--

Description

Returns the dimensions of the result data frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Venn'  
dim(x)
```

Arguments

x A Venn object

Value

A numeric vector with the number of rows and columns

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
# Create a Venn object  
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)  
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)  
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B))  
  
# Get dimensions  
dim(res)
```

dplot	<i>Create a bar plot of subset counts</i>
-------	---

Description

Creates a bar plot showing counts for each subset

Usage

```
dplot(  
  object,  
  order = FALSE,  
  textsize = 5,  
  color = NULL,  
  theme = ggplot2::theme_light(),  
  title = NULL,  
  xlabel = NULL,
```

```

    ylabel = NULL
  )

  ## S4 method for signature 'Venn'
  dplot(object, order = FALSE, textsize = 5)

```

Arguments

object	Venn object
order	Boolean indicating whether to sort the bar (default: FALSE).
textsize	Numeric vector giving the text size above the bar.
color	Optional vector of colors for the bars
theme	The ggplot2 theme to use. Default: theme_light
title	Optional plot title
xlabel	Optional x-axis label
ylabel	Optional y-axis label

Value

A ggplot2 object

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```

A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
dplot(res, order = TRUE, textsize = 3)
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
dplot(res, order = TRUE, textsize = 3)

```

dplot, Venn-method	<i>Create a bar plot of subset counts</i>
--------------------	---

Description

Creates a bar plot showing counts for each subset

Usage

```

## S4 method for signature 'Venn'
dplot(object, order = FALSE, textsize = 5)

```

Arguments

object	A Venn object
order	Logical: should bars be ordered by count?
textsize	Numeric: size of text labels above bars
color	Optional vector of colors for the bars
theme	The ggplot2 theme to use
title	Optional plot title
xlabel	Optional x-axis label
ylabel	Optional y-axis label

Value

A ggplot2 object

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res <- vennetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
# Simple bar plot
dplot(res)
# Ordered bars with custom title
dplot(res, order = TRUE, textsize = 3, title = "Set Intersections")
```

getFeature

Extract feature data for specific subsets

Description

Combines subset information with user-supplied data frames

GetFeature allows users to extract subsets from venn object into a table format along with accompanying information from the data frames provided in the rlist argument

Usage

```
getFeature(
  object,
  subset,
  rlist,
  userownname = TRUE,
  gind = NULL,
  sep = "_",
  wide = FALSE
)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'Venn'
getFeature(
  object,
  subset,
  rlist,
  userownname = TRUE,
  gind = NULL,
  sep = "_",
  wide = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

object	Venn object
subset	Character vector giving the names of the user-defined subset to extract
rlist	List of user-supplied data frames to combine with venndetail result
userownname	Boolean indicating whether to use row names to join data frames or not (default: TRUE)
gind	Column name or index of each user-supplied data.frame to use to join data frames(valid only when userownname=FALSE)
sep	Character string used to separate the terms when concatenating group names into new separation character for new column names in the resulting data frame
wide	Boolean indicating whether to use wide format(default:FALSE)

Value

A data.frame combining subset information with user data

data.frame with subsets information and details from the user supplied data frame

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
dA <- data.frame(A = A, "FC" = rnorm(40))
dB <- data.frame(B = B, "FC" = rnorm(60))
dC <- data.frame(C = C, "FC" = rnorm(40))
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
features <- getFeature(res, subset = "Shared",
  rlist = list(dA, dB, dC),
  userownname = FALSE,
  gind = rep(1, 3))
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
dA <- data.frame(A = A, "FC" = rnorm(40))
dB <- data.frame(B = B, "FC" = rnorm(60))
dC <- data.frame(C = C, "FC" = rnorm(40))
```

```
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
rhs <- getFeature(res, subset = "Shared", rlist = list(dA, dB, dC),
  userowname= FALSE, gind = rep(1, 3))
```

getFeature, Venn-method

Extract feature data for specific subsets

Description

Combines subset information with user-supplied data frames

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Venn'
getFeature(
  object,
  subset,
  rlist,
  userowname = TRUE,
  gind = NULL,
  sep = "_",
  wide = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

object	A Venn object
subset	Character vector of subset names to extract
rlist	List of user-supplied data frames
userowname	Logical: use row names for joining?
gind	Column names or indices to use for joining if userowname=FALSE
sep	Character used to separate group names in column names
wide	Logical: return results in wide format?

Value

A data.frame combining subset information with user data

Examples

```
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
dA <- data.frame(A = A, "FC" = rnorm(40))
dB <- data.frame(B = B, "FC" = rnorm(60))
dC <- data.frame(C = C, "FC" = rnorm(40))
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
features <- getFeature(res, subset = "Shared",
  rlist = list(dA, dB, dC),
  userowname = FALSE,
  gind = rep(1, 3))
```

`getSet`*Extract specific subsets from a Venn object*

Description

Extracts elements from specified subsets

`getSet` function provides a way to extract subsets from `venndetail` object

Usage

```
getSet(object, subset = NULL, min = 0, wide = FALSE)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'Venn'
```

```
getSet(object, subset = NULL, min = 0, wide = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	Venn object
<code>subset</code>	Character vector giving the subset names
<code>min</code>	The minimum number of input groups that a subset must belong to e.g. <code>min = 2</code> will only report those subsets with elements shared by 2 or more input groups.
<code>wide</code>	Boolean indicating return wide format (default: <code>FALSE</code>).

Value

A `data.frame` with elements from the specified subsets

Specific subset information

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
# Get elements unique to set A
unique_to_A <- getSet(res, "A")
# Get elements shared by all sets
shared <- getSet(res, "Shared")
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
getSet(res, "A")
```

getSet,Venn-method	<i>Extract specific subsets from a Venn object</i>
--------------------	--

Description

Extracts elements from specified subsets

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Venn'
getSet(object, subset = NULL, min = 0, wide = FALSE)
```

Arguments

object	A Venn object
subset	Character vector of subset names to extract
min	Minimum number of sets an element must be in
wide	Logical: return results in wide format?

Value

A data.frame with elements from the specified subsets

Examples

```
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res <- vennDetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
# Get elements unique to set A
unique_to_A <- getSet(res, "A")
# Get elements shared by all sets
shared <- getSet(res, "Shared")
```

head.Venn	<i>Extract the first few rows of a Venn object</i>
-----------	--

Description

Extract the first n rows of the result data frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Venn'
head(x, n = 6L, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Venn'
head(x, n = 6L, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A Venn object
n	Number of rows to extract
...	Additional arguments passed to head

Value

A data frame with the first n rows

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
# Create a Venn object
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B))

# Get the first few rows
head(res)
```

loadVenn	<i>Load a Venn object from a file</i>
----------	---------------------------------------

Description

Loads a Venn object from an RDS file

Usage

```
loadVenn(file)
```

Arguments

file	File name to load from
------	------------------------

Value

A Venn object

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
## Not run:  
# Load a saved Venn object  
res <- loadVenn("my_venn.rds")  
  
# Plot the loaded object  
plot(res)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

make.subset

Get subset from list of input groups

Description

Get subset from list of input groups

Usage

```
make.subset(x, sep = "_")
```

Arguments

x	A list with input groups
sep	symbol character used when concatenating group names into subset names

Value

A list of subsets. The names on the list are the subset names and the list elements are the subset details.

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)  
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)  
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)  
x <- list(A = A, B = B, C = C)  
out <- make.subset(x)
```

make_subset	<i>Create subsets from a list of sets</i>
-------------	---

Description

Identifies all possible intersections between sets and returns a list of subsets

Usage

```
make_subset(x, sep = "_")
```

Arguments

x	A list of vectors
sep	Character used to separate set names in subset labels

Value

A named list where each element contains the unique items in that subset

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
x <- list(A = A, B = B, C = C)
subsets <- make_subset(x)
lengths(subsets) # Number of elements in each subset
```

make_truth_table	<i>Create a truth table for set combinations</i>
------------------	--

Description

Creates a logical matrix representing all possible combinations of sets

Usage

```
make_truth_table(x)
```

Arguments

x	A list of vectors
---	-------------------

Value

A data frame with logical columns for each set and rows for each combination

Author(s)

Kai Guo

merge.Venn

*Utility functions for VennDetail package***Description**

Internal utility functions for the VennDetail package

Combines multiple Venn objects into a single Venn object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Venn'
merge(x, y, ignore.case = FALSE, useupper = TRUE, plot = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	First Venn object
y	Second Venn object
ignore.case	Logical: ignore case in group names? Default: FALSE
useupper	Logical: convert all group names to upper case? Default: TRUE
plot	Logical: plot the combined result? Default: FALSE
...	Additional arguments passed to venndetail

Value

A new Venn object combining the input objects

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
# Create two Venn objects
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res1 <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B))
res2 <- venndetail(list(A = A, C = C))

# Merge the two objects
res <- merge(res1, res2)

# Plot the merged result
plot(res)
```

merge.Venn	<i>Merge two or more venndetail obejcts</i>
------------	---

Description

Merge will combine multiple venn diagrams to allow comparison between multiple groups

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Venn'
merge(x, y, ignore.case = FALSE, useupper = TRUE, plot = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	Venn object
y	Venn object
ignore.case	Boolean indicating whether to ignore case of group names (default: FALSE)
useupper	Boolean indicating whether to use uppercases for group names (default: TRUE)
plot	Boolean indicating whether to plot figure or not (default: FALSE)
...	arguments for venndetail

Value

venn object

Examples

```
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res1 <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B))
res2 <- venndetail(list(A = A, C = C))
res <- merge(res1, res2)
```

names.Venn	<i>Extract subset names from a Venn object</i>
------------	--

Description

Returns the names of all subsets in a Venn object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Venn'
names(x)
```

Arguments

x	A Venn object
---	---------------

Value

A character vector of subset names

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
# Create a Venn object
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B))

# Get subset names
names(res)
```

newVenn	<i>Create a new Venn object</i>
---------	---------------------------------

Description

Constructor function for creating Venn objects with validation

Usage

```
newVenn(
  input,
  raw,
  sep = "_",
  GroupNames,
  result,
  detail,
  wide,
  metadata = list()
)
```

Arguments

input	A list of input sets
raw	A named vector with counts
sep	The separator character
GroupNames	Names of the input groups
result	The result data.frame
detail	The detail vector
wide	The wide-format data.frame
metadata	Additional metadata (optional)

Value

A new Venn object

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
## Not run:
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
raw <- c(A = 40, B = 60)
groups <- c("A", "B")
# Create a new Venn object manually (normally done by venndetail function)
venn_obj <- newVenn(input = list(A = A, B = B), raw = raw,
                    GroupNames = groups, ...)

## End(Not run)
```

plot.Venn

Plot a Venn object

Description

Unified plotting function for Venn objects that supports multiple visualization types

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Venn'
plot(
  x,
  type = "venn",
  title = NULL,
  interactive = FALSE,
  filename = NULL,
  width = 8,
  height = 6,
  dpi = 300,
  fill = NULL,
  alpha = 0.5,
  labels = TRUE,
  counts = TRUE,
  showNumbers = TRUE,
  numberSize = 4,
  numberColor = "black",
  labelSize = 4,
  labelColor = "black",
  borderCol = FALSE,
  fillCol = TRUE,
  fixedCoords = TRUE,
  xlim = c(0, 1),
```

```
ylim = c(0, 1),
show_percentages = TRUE,
show_unique_only = FALSE,
scaled = FALSE,
subset = NULL,
top = 31,
min = 0,
color = NULL,
revcolor = "lightgrey",
any = NULL,
show.number = TRUE,
show.x = TRUE,
sep = "_",
log = FALSE,
base = NULL,
percentage = FALSE,
nintersects = 40,
min_size = 1,
sets_bar_color = NULL,
main_bar_color = "steelblue",
point_size = 3,
line_size = 1,
show_numbers = TRUE,
sort_intersections_by = "freq",
sort_sets_by = "size",
sort_sets_decreasing = TRUE,
custom_sets_order = NULL,
sort_intersections_decreasing = TRUE,
custom_intersections_order = NULL,
intersection_color = "black",
highlight_intersections = NULL,
highlight_color = "darkorange",
empty_point_size = 1.5,
bar_width = 0.7,
text_angle = 0,
text_size = 10,
set_label_size = 3,
intersection_label_size = 3,
point_outline_color = "black",
point_stroke = 0.3,
set_size_show_values = TRUE,
intersection_size_show_values = TRUE,
show_empty_intersections = FALSE,
show_set_labels = TRUE,
plot_margin = 0.5,
height_ratio = 0.7,
width_ratio = 0.3,
bar_offset = -0.01,
set_text_size = 10,
intersection_title = "Intersection Size",
set_size_title = "Set Size",
matrix_point_shape = 21,
```

```

    number_color_threshold = 0.75,
    number_colors = c(on_bar = "black", off_bar = "black"),
    theme_params = list(background_color = "white", grid_color = "grey92", axis_text_color
                        = "black", use_grid = TRUE, border_color = NA),
    return_data = FALSE,
    order = FALSE,
    textsize = 5,
    theme = ggplot2::theme_light(),
    xlabel = NULL,
    ylabel = NULL,
    ...
)

```

Arguments

x	A Venn object
type	Type of plot: "venn" (traditional Venn diagram), "vennpie" (pie-chart style), "upset" (UpSet plot), or "bar" (bar plot of subset sizes)
title	Optional plot title
interactive	Logical: create an interactive plot? Default: FALSE
filename	Optional file name to save the plot
width	Width of the saved plot (default: 8)
height	Height of the saved plot (default: 6)
dpi	Resolution in dots per inch (default: 300)
...	Additional arguments passed to the specific plotting function

Value

A ggplot2 or plotly object

Parameters for Traditional Venn Diagram (type = "venn")

fill	Colors for filling the circles
alpha	Transparency level for the circles (0-1), default: 0.5
labels	Logical: show set labels? Default: TRUE
counts	Logical: show counts? Default: TRUE
showNumbers	Logical: whether to show counts and percentages in each region, default: TRUE
numberSize	Size of the count labels, default: 4
numberColor	Color of the count labels, default: "black"
labelSize	Size of the set labels, default: 4
labelColor	Color of the set labels, default: "black"
borderCol	Logical: whether to color the borders of circles, default: FALSE
fillCol	Logical: whether to fill circles with colors, default: TRUE
fixedCoords	Logical: whether to use fixed coordinates, default: TRUE
xlim	Vector with 2 numbers, x axis limits for the venn diagram, default: c(0, 1)
ylim	Vector with 2 numbers, y axis limits for the venn diagram, default: c(0, 1)
show_percentages	Logical: show percentages alongside counts? Default: TRUE
show_unique_only	Logical: show counts only for unique elements? Default: FALSE
scaled	Logical: scale circles by set size? Default: FALSE

Parameters for Venn-Pie Plot (type = "vennpie")

subset Character vector of subset names to highlight
top Maximum number of subsets to display, default: 31
min Minimum number of sets an element must be in, default: 0
color Optional vector of colors for the subsets
revcolor Color for non-highlighted subsets, default: "lightgrey"
any Highlight subsets shared by exactly this many sets
show.number Logical: show counts in labels? Default: TRUE
show.x Logical: show subset labels? Default: TRUE
sep Character separator for subset names, default: "_"
log Logical: use log scale for counts? Default: FALSE
base Base for log transformation if log=TRUE
percentage Logical: show percentages instead of counts? Default: FALSE

Parameters for UpSet Plot (type = "upset")

nintersects Maximum number of intersections to show, default: 40
min_size Minimum intersection size to include, default: 1
sets_bar_color Colors for the set size bars
main_bar_color Color for the intersection size bars, default: "steelblue"
point_size Size of points in the matrix, default: 3
line_size Width of lines in the matrix, default: 1
show_numbers Logical: show counts on bars? Default: TRUE
sort_intersections_by How to sort intersections: "freq" (default), "degree", or "custom"
sort_sets_by How to sort sets: "size" (default), "name", or "custom"
sort_sets_decreasing Whether to sort sets in decreasing order, default: TRUE
custom_sets_order Custom order for sets if sort_sets_by="custom"
sort_intersections_decreasing Whether to sort intersections in decreasing order, default: TRUE
custom_intersections_order Custom order for intersections if sort_intersections_by="custom"
intersection_color Color for intersection dots and lines, default: "black"
highlight_intersections Vector of intersection IDs to highlight
highlight_color Color for highlighted intersections, default: "darkorange"
empty_point_size Size of empty points in the matrix, default: 1.5
bar_width Width of bars (0-1 scale), default: 0.7
text_angle Angle for text labels, default: 0
text_size Size of text in the plot, default: 10
set_label_size Size of set size labels, default: 3
intersection_label_size Size of intersection size labels, default: 3
point_outline_color Color for the outline of points, default: "black"
point_stroke Width of point outline, default: 0.3
set_size_show_values Whether to show set size values, default: TRUE

intersection_size_show_values Whether to show intersection size values, default: TRUE

show_empty_intersections Whether to show empty intersections, default: FALSE

show_set_labels Whether to show set labels, default: TRUE

plot_margin Margin around the plots in cm, default: 0.5

height_ratio Ratio of matrix to total height, default: 0.7

width_ratio Ratio of set size to total width, default: 0.3

bar_offset Horizontal offset for top bars, default: -0.01

set_text_size Size of set labels, default: 10

intersection_title Title for the intersection size plot, default: "Intersection Size"

set_size_title Title for the set size plot, default: "Set Size"

matrix_point_shape Shape of the dots in the matrix (21=filled circle), default: 21

number_color_threshold Fraction of max value where number color switches, default: 0.75

number_colors Named vector with colors for labels on/off bars, default: c(on_bar="black", off_bar="black")

theme_params List of theme parameters for customization

return_data Whether to return the data along with the plot, default: FALSE

Parameters for Bar Plot (type = "bar")

order Logical: should bars be ordered by count? Default: FALSE

textsize Numeric: size of text labels above bars, default: 5

color Optional vector of colors for the bars

theme The ggplot2 theme to use, default: theme_light()

xlabel Optional x-axis label

ylabel Optional y-axis label

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
# Create a Venn object
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res <- vennndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))

# Traditional Venn diagram
plot(res, type = "venn")

# Venn diagram with custom colors and transparency
plot(res, type = "venn", fill = c("red", "blue", "green"), alpha = 0.3)

# Venn-pie visualization
plot(res, type = "vennpie")

# Venn-pie with highlighted subsets
plot(res, type = "vennpie", any = 2, log = TRUE)
```

```

# UpSet plot
plot(res, type = "upset")

# UpSet plot with custom sorting and highlighting
plot(res, type = "upset",
      sort_sets_by = "size",
      highlight_intersections = c(1, 2),
      highlight_color = "red")

# Bar plot of subset sizes
plot(res, type = "bar")

# Ordered bar plot with larger text
plot(res, type = "bar", order = TRUE, textsize = 8)

# Save plot to file
plot(res, type = "venn", filename = "my_venn.png", width = 10, height = 8)

# Create interactive plot
if(interactive()) {
  plot(res, type = "venn", interactive = TRUE)
}

```

result

Extract results from a Venn object

Description

Retrieves results from a Venn object in long or wide format

Result will return output in a table format including the contents of the subsets included in the `venndetail` object

Usage

```
result(object, wide = FALSE)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'Venn'
result(object, wide = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	A Venn object
<code>wide</code>	Logical: should results be returned in wide format? Default: FALSE

Value

A data.frame containing subset information

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```

A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
# Get results in long format
result_long <- result(res)
# Get results in wide format
result_wide <- result(res, wide = TRUE)
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
result <- result(res)

```

result, Venn-method

Extract results from a Venn object

Description

Retrieves results from a Venn object in long or wide format

Usage

```

## S4 method for signature 'Venn'
result(object, wide = FALSE)

```

Arguments

object	A Venn object
wide	Logical: should results be returned in wide format? Default: FALSE

Value

A data.frame containing subset information

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```

A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
# Get results in long format
result_long <- result(res)
# Get results in wide format
result_wide <- result(res, wide = TRUE)

```

rowjoin

*Join data.frames by row names or specified columns***Description**

Joins two data.frames using various join methods
 join two dataframes by rownames

Usage

```
rowjoin(x, y, fun = "full_join", by = NULL)

## S4 method for signature 'data.frame,data.frame'
rowjoin(x, y, fun = "full_join")
```

Arguments

x	data.frame x
y	data.frame y
fun	Different join format: left_join, full_join, right_join (default:full_join)
by	Optional vector of column names to join by

Value

A joined data.frame
 dataframe with join results

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
library(dplyr)
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
dA <- data.frame(A = A, "FC" = rnorm(40))
dB <- data.frame(B = B, "FC" = rnorm(60))
rownames(dA) <- A
rownames(dB) <- B
# Full join by row names
result <- rowjoin(dA, dB)
# Left join by row names
result <- rowjoin(dA, dB, fun = "left_join")
library(dplyr)
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
dA <- data.frame(A = A, "FC" = rnorm(40))
dB <- data.frame(B = B, "FC" = rnorm(60))
rownames(dA) <- A
rownames(dB) <- B
rowjoin(dA, dB)
```

rowjoin,data.frame,data.frame-method

Join data.frames by row names or specified columns

Description

Joins two data.frames using various join methods

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame,data.frame'
rowjoin(x, y, fun = "full_join")
```

Arguments

x	First data.frame
y	Second data.frame
fun	Join function to use: "full_join", "left_join", "right_join", etc.
by	Optional vector of column names to join by

Value

A joined data.frame

Examples

```
library(dplyr)
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
dA <- data.frame(A = A, "FC" = rnorm(40))
dB <- data.frame(B = B, "FC" = rnorm(60))
rownames(dA) <- A
rownames(dB) <- B
# Full join by row names
result <- rowjoin(dA, dB)
# Left join by row names
result <- rowjoin(dA, dB, fun = "left_join")
```

saveVenn

Save a Venn object to a file

Description

Saves a Venn object to an RDS file for later use

Usage

```
saveVenn(object, file)
```

Arguments

object	A Venn object
file	File name to save to

Value

The file name (invisibly)

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Create a Venn object
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B))

# Save to a file
saveVenn(res, "my_venn.rds")

## End(Not run)
```

setcolor

return colors with given a vector

Description

Setcolor will provide a list of color vectors based on the number used as an input.

Returns a color palette for Venn diagrams

Returns a color palette for Venn diagrams

Usage

```
setcolor(n, palette = "default")
```

```
setcolor(n, palette = "default")
```

```
setcolor(n, palette = "default")
```

Arguments

n	Number of colors needed
palette	Type of palette: "default", "categorical", "sequential", or "diverging"
x	Number of color

Value

color vector

A vector of colors

A vector of colors

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
mycol <- setcolor(10)
mycol
# Get 5 colors from the default palette
cols <- setcolor(5)

# Get 10 colors from the categorical palette
cols <- setcolor(10, palette = "categorical")
# Get 5 colors from the default palette
cols <- setcolor(5)

# Get 10 colors from the categorical palette
cols <- setcolor(10, palette = "categorical")
```

set_rownames	<i>Set row names from a column</i>
--------------	------------------------------------

Description

Sets row names from a specified column

Usage

```
set_rownames(x, col)
```

Arguments

x	A data.frame
col	Column index or name to use for row names

Value

A data.frame with row names from the specified column

Author(s)

Kai Guo

show Venn

Show the summary of venn object

Description

This function provides a summary of the venn object, including a full results and subsets as well as an summary information.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Venn'
show(object)
```

Arguments

object venn object

Value

summary information for the venn object

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
show(res)
```

show, Venn-method

Show method for Venn objects

Description

Display method for Venn objects

Display method for Venn objects

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Venn'
show(object)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'Venn'
show(object)
```

Arguments

object A Venn object

Value

Invisibly returns the Venn object
Invisibly returns the Venn object

Author(s)

Kai Guo

summary.Venn	<i>Return summary information about a Venn object</i>
--------------	---

Description

Summary method for Venn objects
Summary method for Venn objects

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Venn'  
summary(object, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'Venn'  
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object A Venn object
... Additional arguments (not used)

Value

Invisibly returns the Venn object
Invisibly returns the Venn object

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```

A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
summary(res)
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
summary(res)

```

summary.Venn

Give summary information of Venn object

Description

print the summary information of Venn object

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'Venn'
summary(object, ...)

```

Arguments

object	Venn object
...	other arguments ignored (for compatibility with generic)

Value

summary information

Examples

```

A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
summary(res)

```

T2DM	<i>T2DM Dataset</i>
------	---------------------

Description

T2DM data are differential expression genes (DEGs) with annotation from the publication by Hinder et al.

T2DM data are differential expression genes (DEGs) with annotation from the publication by Hinder et al. The data contains three DEG sets from three different tissues (Cortex,SCN,Glom). DEGs were determined by using Cuffdiff with a false discovery rate (FDR) < 0.05 between groups with or without pioglitazone treatment.

Usage

T2DM

T2DM

Format

A list of data frames with five columns each

A list of data frame with five columns individually:

Entrez Entrez gene IDs

Symbol HGNC symbols

Annotation Gene function

log2FC log2 Fold Change

FDR False Discovery Rate

Examples

T2DM

tail.Venn	<i>Extract the last few rows of a Venn object</i>
-----------	---

Description

Extract the last n rows of the result data frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Venn'
tail(x, n = 6L, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A Venn object
n	Number of rows to extract
...	Additional arguments passed to tail

Value

A data frame with the last n rows

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
# Create a Venn object
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B))

# Get the last few rows
tail(res)
```

upsetPlot

Create an UpSet plot

Description

Creates an UpSet plot to visualize set intersections

Usage

```
upsetPlot(
  object,
  nintersects = 40,
  min_size = 1,
  sets_bar_color = NULL,
  main_bar_color = "steelblue",
  point_size = 3,
  line_size = 1,
  show_numbers = TRUE,
  sort_intersections_by = "freq",
  sort_sets_by = "size",
  sort_sets_decreasing = TRUE,
  custom_sets_order = NULL,
  sort_intersections_decreasing = TRUE,
  custom_intersections_order = NULL,
  intersection_color = "black",
  highlight_intersections = NULL,
  highlight_color = "darkorange",
  empty_point_size = 1.5,
  bar_width = 0.7,
  text_angle = 0,
  text_size = 10,
  set_label_size = 3,
  intersection_label_size = 3,
  point_outline_color = "black",
```



```

    point_stroke = 0.3,
    set_size_show_values = TRUE,
    intersection_size_show_values = TRUE,
    show_empty_intersections = FALSE,
    show_set_labels = TRUE,
    plot_margin = 0.5,
    height_ratio = 0.7,
    width_ratio = 0.3,
    bar_offset = -0.01,
    set_text_size = 10,
    intersection_title = "Intersection Size",
    set_size_title = "Set Size",
    matrix_point_shape = 21,
    number_color_threshold = 0.75,
    number_colors = c(on_bar = "black", off_bar = "black"),
    theme_params = list(background_color = "white", grid_color = "grey92", axis_text_color
      = "black", use_grid = TRUE, border_color = NA),
    title = NULL,
    interactive = FALSE,
    return_data = FALSE,
    ...
  )

```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	A Venn object
<code>nintersects</code>	Maximum number of intersections to show
<code>min_size</code>	Minimum intersection size to include (default: 1)
<code>sets_bar_color</code>	Colors for the set size bars
<code>main_bar_color</code>	Color for the intersection size bars
<code>point_size</code>	Size of points in the matrix
<code>line_size</code>	Width of lines in the matrix
<code>show_numbers</code>	Logical: show counts on bars?
<code>sort_intersections_by</code>	How to sort intersections
<code>sort_sets_by</code>	How to sort sets
<code>sort_sets_decreasing</code>	Whether to sort sets in decreasing order
<code>custom_sets_order</code>	Custom order for sets if <code>sort_sets_by="custom"</code>
<code>sort_intersections_decreasing</code>	Whether to sort intersections in decreasing order
<code>custom_intersections_order</code>	Custom order for intersections
<code>intersection_color</code>	Color for intersection dots and lines
<code>highlight_intersections</code>	Vector of intersection IDs to highlight

highlight_color	Color for highlighted intersections
empty_point_size	Size of empty points in the matrix
bar_width	Width of bars
text_angle	Angle for text labels
text_size	Size of text in the plot
set_label_size	Size of set size labels
intersection_label_size	Size of intersection size labels
point_outline_color	Color for the outline of points
point_stroke	Width of point outline
set_size_show_values	Whether to show set size values
intersection_size_show_values	Whether to show intersection size values
show_empty_intersections	Whether to show empty intersections
show_set_labels	Whether to show set labels
plot_margin	Margin around the plots in cm
height_ratio	Ratio of matrix to total height
width_ratio	Ratio of set size to total width
bar_offset	Horizontal offset for top bars
set_text_size	Size of set labels
intersection_title	Title for the intersection size plot
set_size_title	Title for the set size plot
matrix_point_shape	Shape of the dots in the matrix
number_color_threshold	Fraction of max value for label color switch
number_colors	Colors for labels on/off bars
theme_params	Theme parameters for customization
title	Optional plot title
interactive	Create interactive plot?
return_data	Whether to return the data along with the plot
...	Additional arguments passed to internal functions

Value

A ggplot object or a combined grid layout

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
# Basic example
sets <- list(
  "Set A" = c(1:100),
  "Set B" = c(30:120),
  "Set C" = c(20:50, 90:110),
  "Set D" = c(10:40, 80:120)
)
ven <- venndetail(sets)
upsetPlot(ven, bar_offset = -0.02)

# With highlighting
upsetPlot(ven,
  highlight_intersections = c(1, 2),
  highlight_color = "darkorange",
  bar_offset = -0.02)
```

upsetPlot, Venn-method *Create an UpSet plot for a Venn object*

Description

Creates an UpSet plot to visualize set intersections

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Venn'
upsetPlot(
  object,
  nintersects = 40,
  min_size = 1,
  sets_bar_color = NULL,
  main_bar_color = "steelblue",
  point_size = 3,
  line_size = 1,
  show_numbers = TRUE,
  sort_intersections_by = "freq",
  sort_sets_by = "size",
  sort_sets_decreasing = TRUE,
  custom_sets_order = NULL,
  sort_intersections_decreasing = TRUE,
  custom_intersections_order = NULL,
  intersection_color = "black",
  highlight_intersections = NULL,
  highlight_color = "darkorange",
  empty_point_size = 1.5,
  bar_width = 0.7,
  text_angle = 0,
  text_size = 10,
  set_label_size = 3,
  intersection_label_size = 3,
```

```

point_outline_color = "black",
point_stroke = 0.3,
set_size_show_values = TRUE,
intersection_size_show_values = TRUE,
show_empty_intersections = FALSE,
show_set_labels = TRUE,
plot_margin = 0.5,
height_ratio = 0.7,
width_ratio = 0.3,
bar_offset = -0.01,
set_text_size = 10,
intersection_title = "Intersection Size",
set_size_title = "Set Size",
matrix_point_shape = 21,
number_color_threshold = 0.75,
number_colors = c(on_bar = "black", off_bar = "black"),
theme_params = list(background_color = "white", grid_color = "grey92", axis_text_color
  = "black", use_grid = TRUE, border_color = NA),
title = NULL,
interactive = FALSE,
return_data = FALSE
)

```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	A Venn object
<code>nintersects</code>	Maximum number of intersections to show (default: 40)
<code>min_size</code>	Minimum intersection size to include (default: 1)
<code>sets_bar_color</code>	Colors for the set size bars (default: NULL for auto-generate)
<code>main_bar_color</code>	Color for the intersection size bars (default: "steelblue")
<code>point_size</code>	Size of points in the matrix (default: 3)
<code>line_size</code>	Width of lines in the matrix (default: 1)
<code>show_numbers</code>	Logical: show counts on bars? (default: TRUE)
<code>sort_intersections_by</code>	How to sort intersections: "freq" (default), "degree"
<code>sort_sets_by</code>	How to sort sets: "size" (default), "name"
<code>sort_sets_decreasing</code>	Whether to sort sets in decreasing order (default: TRUE)
<code>custom_sets_order</code>	Custom order for sets if <code>sort_sets_by="custom"</code>
<code>sort_intersections_decreasing</code>	Whether to sort intersections in decreasing order (default: TRUE)
<code>custom_intersections_order</code>	Custom order for intersections if <code>sort_intersections_by="custom"</code>
<code>intersection_color</code>	Color for intersection dots and lines (default: "black")
<code>highlight_intersections</code>	Vector of intersection IDs to highlight (default: NULL)

highlight_color	Color for highlighted intersections (default: "darkorange")
empty_point_size	Size of empty points in the matrix (default: 1.5)
bar_width	Width of bars (0-1 scale) (default: 0.7)
text_angle	Angle for text labels (default: 0)
text_size	Size of text in the plot (default: 10)
set_label_size	Size of set size labels (default: 3)
intersection_label_size	Size of intersection size labels (default: 3)
point_outline_color	Color for the outline of points (default: "black")
point_stroke	Width of point outline (default: 0.3)
set_size_show_values	Whether to show set size values (default: TRUE)
intersection_size_show_values	Whether to show intersection size values (default: TRUE)
show_empty_intersections	Whether to show empty intersections (default: FALSE)
show_set_labels	Whether to show set labels (default: TRUE)
plot_margin	Margin around the plots in cm (default: 0.5)
height_ratio	Ratio of matrix to total height (default: 0.7)
width_ratio	Ratio of set size to total width (default: 0.3)
bar_offset	Horizontal offset for top bars to improve alignment (default: 0)
set_text_size	Size of set labels (default: 10)
intersection_title	Title for the intersection size plot (default: "Intersection Size")
set_size_title	Title for the set size plot (default: "Set Size")
matrix_point_shape	Shape of the dots in the matrix (21=filled circle) (default: 21)
number_color_threshold	Fraction of max value where number color switches (default: 0.75)
number_colors	Named vector with colors for labels on/off bars (default: c(on_bar="white", off_bar="black"))
theme_params	List of theme parameters for customization (default: list of defaults)
title	Optional plot title
interactive	Logical: create interactive plot? (default: FALSE)
return_data	Whether to return the data along with the plot (default: FALSE)

Value

A ggplot object or a combined grid layout

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
# Basic example
sets <- list(
  "Set A" = c(1:100),
  "Set B" = c(30:120),
  "Set C" = c(20:50, 90:110),
  "Set D" = c(10:40, 80:120)
)
ven <- venndetail(sets)
upsetPlot(ven, bar_offset = -0.02)

# With highlighting
upsetPlot(ven,
  highlight_intersections = c(1, 2),
  highlight_color = "darkorange",
  bar_offset = -0.02)
```

upset_plot

Create an UpSet plot for set intersection visualization

Description

Creates a custom UpSet plot showing the intersections between sets. It displays the size of each intersection and the sets involved in each intersection.

Usage

```
upset_plot(
  data_list,
  sets = NULL,
  min_intersection_size = 1,
  max_sets_display = NULL,
  sort_sets_by = "size",
  sort_sets_decreasing = TRUE,
  custom_sets_order = NULL,
  sort_intersections_by = "freq",
  sort_intersections_decreasing = TRUE,
  custom_intersections_order = NULL,
  intersection_color = "black",
  main_bar_color = "steelblue",
  sets_bar_colors = NULL,
  highlight_intersections = NULL,
  highlight_color = "darkorange",
  point_outline_color = "black",
  filled_point_size = 2,
  empty_point_size = 1.5,
  line_size = 0.5,
  bar_width = 0.6,
  point_stroke = 0.3,
  text_angle = 0,
  text_size = 10,
```

```

    set_text_size = 10,
    set_label_size = 3,
    intersection_label_size = 3,
    intersection_title = "Intersection Size",
    set_size_title = "Set Size",
    matrix_point_shape = 21,
    set_size_show_values = TRUE,
    intersection_size_show_values = TRUE,
    show_empty_intersections = FALSE,
    show_set_labels = TRUE,
    show_numbers_on_bars = TRUE,
    number_color_threshold = 0.75,
    number_colors = c(on_bar = "black", off_bar = "black"),
    plot_margin = 0.5,
    height_ratio = 0.5,
    width_ratio = 0.3,
    bar_offset = -0.01,
    theme_params = list(background_color = "white", grid_color = "grey92", axis_text_color
      = "black", use_grid = TRUE, border_color = NA),
    return_data = FALSE
  )

```

Arguments

<code>data_list</code>	A named list of vectors, each containing elements in a set
<code>sets</code>	Optional vector of set names to include (default: all sets in <code>data_list</code>)
<code>min_intersection_size</code>	Minimum intersection size to include (default: 1)
<code>max_sets_display</code>	Maximum number of sets to display (default: all)
<code>sort_sets_by</code>	How to sort the sets: "size", "name", or "custom" (default: "size")
<code>sort_sets_decreasing</code>	Whether to sort sets in decreasing order (default: TRUE)
<code>custom_sets_order</code>	Custom order for sets if <code>sort_sets_by</code> ="custom"
<code>sort_intersections_by</code>	How to sort intersections: "freq", "degree", or "custom" (default: "freq")
<code>sort_intersections_decreasing</code>	Whether to sort intersections in decreasing order (default: TRUE)
<code>custom_intersections_order</code>	Custom order for intersections if <code>sort_intersections_by</code> ="custom"
<code>intersection_color</code>	Color for intersection dots and lines (default: "black")
<code>main_bar_color</code>	Color for the intersection size bars (default: "steelblue")
<code>sets_bar_colors</code>	Named vector of colors for each set (default: auto-generated)
<code>highlight_intersections</code>	Vector of intersection IDs to highlight (default: NULL)
<code>highlight_color</code>	Color for highlighted intersections (default: "#FF5500")

<code>point_outline_color</code>	Color for the outline of points (default: "black")
<code>filled_point_size</code>	Size of filled points in the matrix (default: 2)
<code>empty_point_size</code>	Size of empty points in the matrix (default: 1.5)
<code>line_size</code>	Width of connecting lines (default: 0.5)
<code>bar_width</code>	Width of bars (0-1 scale) (default: 0.7)
<code>point_stroke</code>	Width of point outline (default: 0.3)
<code>text_angle</code>	Angle for text labels (default: 0)
<code>text_size</code>	Size of text in the plot (default: 10)
<code>set_text_size</code>	Size of set labels (default: 10)
<code>set_label_size</code>	Size of set size labels (default: 3)
<code>intersection_label_size</code>	Size of intersection size labels (default: 3)
<code>intersection_title</code>	Title for the intersection size plot (default: "Intersection Size")
<code>set_size_title</code>	Title for the set size plot (default: "Set Size")
<code>matrix_point_shape</code>	Shape of the dots in the matrix (21=filled circle) (default: 21)
<code>set_size_show_values</code>	Whether to show set size values (default: TRUE)
<code>intersection_size_show_values</code>	Whether to show intersection size values (default: TRUE)
<code>show_empty_intersections</code>	Whether to show empty intersections (default: FALSE)
<code>show_set_labels</code>	Whether to show set labels (default: TRUE)
<code>show_numbers_on_bars</code>	Logical, whether to display counts on bars (default: TRUE)
<code>number_color_threshold</code>	Fraction of max value where number color switches (default: 0.75)
<code>number_colors</code>	Named vector with colors for labels on/off bars (default: <code>c(on_bar="white", off_bar="black")</code>)
<code>plot_margin</code>	Margin around the plots in cm (default: 0.5)
<code>height_ratio</code>	Ratio of matrix to total height (default: 0.7)
<code>width_ratio</code>	Ratio of set size to total width (default: 0.3)
<code>bar_offset</code>	Horizontal offset for top bars to improve alignment (default: 0)
<code>theme_params</code>	List of theme parameters for customization (default: list of defaults)
<code>return_data</code>	Whether to return the data along with the plot (default: FALSE)

Value

If `return_data=FALSE`, returns the patchwork plot object. If `return_data=TRUE`, returns a list containing the plot and component data.

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
# Basic example
sets <- list(
  "Set A" = c(1:100),
  "Set B" = c(30:120),
  "Set C" = c(20:50, 90:110),
  "Set D" = c(10:40, 80:120)
)
upset_plot(sets, bar_offset = -0.02)

# With highlighting
upset_plot(sets,
  highlight_intersections = c(1, 2),
  highlight_color = "darkorange",
  bar_offset = -0.02)

# Custom colors
set_colors <- c("Set A" = "blue", "Set B" = "green",
  "Set C" = "orange", "Set D" = "purple")
upset_plot(sets, sets_bar_colors = set_colors,
  main_bar_color = "darkblue")
```

Venn-class

*Class 'Venn' This class includes all information from venndetail***Description**

S4 class to store and manage set intersection data and visualizations

Slots

input original input datasets
 raw summary of the input datasets
 sep separation character
 GroupNames input group names
 result shared or unique sets
 detail shared of unique number belongs to each sets
 wide result in wide format
 input A list containing the original input datasets
 raw A named vector with counts of elements in each input set
 sep The character used to separate set names in subset labels
 GroupNames A character vector of input group names
 result A data.frame containing subset information (subset name and elements)
 detail A named vector with counts of elements in each subset
 wide A data.frame with subset information in wide format for easier analysis
 metadata A list to store additional metadata about the analysis

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
## Not run:
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
venn_obj <- vennDetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
# Access the detail slot
venn_obj@detail

## End(Not run)
```

vennApp*Create an interactive Venn diagram app*

Description

Creates a Shiny app for interactive exploration of Venn diagrams

Usage

```
vennApp(object, launch = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

object	A Venn object
launch	Launch the app immediately? Default: TRUE
...	Additional arguments passed to shiny::runApp

Value

A Shiny app object (invisibly)

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Create a Venn object
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res <- vennDetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))

# Launch interactive app
vennApp(res)

## End(Not run)
```

venndetail*Create a Venn object for set analysis*

Description

Extracts shared and unique elements from multiple sets and creates a Venn object for analysis and visualization

Usage

```
venndetail(  
  x,  
  sep = "_",  
  abbr = FALSE,  
  minlength = 3,  
  abbr.method = "both.sides",  
  verbose = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

x	A list of vectors with group names
sep	Symbol character used when concatenating group names into subset names (default: '_')
abbr	Logical: abbreviate subset names? Default: FALSE
minlength	Minimal length for abbreviated subset names. Default: 3
abbr.method	Method for abbreviation: "both.sides", "left.sides", or "right.sides"
verbose	Logical: show progress messages? Default: FALSE

Value

A Venn object

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
# Create a Venn object with three sets  
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)  
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)  
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)  
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))  
  
# Examine the results  
summary(res)  
  
# Plot the results  
plot(res, type = "venn")
```

```
# With abbreviated set names
sets <- list(
  LongNameGroup1 = sample(1:100, 40),
  LongNameGroup2 = sample(1:100, 50),
  LongNameGroup3 = sample(1:100, 45)
)
res <- vennDetail(sets, abbr = TRUE, minlength = 4)
```

vennDiagram

Create a Venn diagram

Description

Creates a traditional Venn diagram for 2-5 sets

Usage

```
vennDiagram(
  object,
  fill = NULL,
  alpha = 0.5,
  labels = TRUE,
  counts = TRUE,
  showNumbers = TRUE,
  numberSize = 4,
  numberColor = "black",
  labelSize = 4,
  labelColor = "black",
  borderCol = FALSE,
  fillCol = TRUE,
  fixedCoords = TRUE,
  xlim = c(0, 1),
  ylim = c(0, 1),
  show_percentages = TRUE,
  show_unique_only = FALSE,
  scaled = FALSE,
  title = NULL,
  interactive = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object	A Venn object
fill	Colors for filling the circles
alpha	Transparency level for the circles (0-1)
labels	Logical: show set labels? (default: TRUE)
counts	Logical: show counts? (default: TRUE)
showNumbers	Logical: whether to show counts and percentages in each region
numberSize	Size of the count labels

numberColor	Color of the count labels
labelSize	Size of the set labels
labelColor	Color of the set labels
borderCol	Logical: whether to color the borders of circles
fillCol	Logical: whether to fill circles with colors
fixedCoords	Logical: whether to use fixed coordinates
xlim	Vector with 2 numbers, x axis limits for the venn diagram
ylim	Vector with 2 numbers, y axis limits for the venn diagram
show_percentages	Logical: show percentages alongside counts? (default: TRUE)
show_unique_only	Logical: show counts only for unique elements? (default: FALSE)
scaled	Logical: scale circles by set size? (default: FALSE)
title	Optional plot title
interactive	Logical: create interactive plot? (default: FALSE)
...	Additional arguments passed to ggplot2 functions

Value

A ggplot2 or plotly object

Author(s)

Kai Guo

 vennDiagram, Venn-method

Create a traditional Venn diagram

Description

Creates a traditional Venn diagram for 2-5 sets

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Venn'
vennDiagram(
  object,
  fill = NULL,
  alpha = 0.5,
  labels = TRUE,
  counts = TRUE,
  showNumbers = TRUE,
  numberSize = 4,
  numberColor = "black",
  labelSize = 4,
  labelColor = "black",
```

```

borderCol = FALSE,
fillCol = TRUE,
fixedCoords = TRUE,
xlim = c(0, 1),
ylim = c(0, 1),
show_percentages = TRUE,
show_unique_only = FALSE,
scaled = FALSE,
title = NULL,
interactive = FALSE,
...
)

```

Arguments

object	A Venn object
fill	Colors for filling the circles
alpha	Transparency level for the circles (0-1)
labels	Logical: show set labels? (default: TRUE)
counts	Logical: show counts? (default: TRUE)
showNumbers	Logical: whether to show counts and percentages in each region
numberSize	Size of the count labels
numberColor	Color of the count labels
labelSize	Size of the set labels
labelColor	Color of the set labels
borderCol	Logical: whether to color the borders of circles
fillCol	Logical: whether to fill circles with colors
fixedCoords	Logical: whether to use fixed coordinates
xlim	Vector with 2 numbers, x axis limits for the venn diagram
ylim	Vector with 2 numbers, y axis limits for the venn diagram
show_percentages	Logical: show percentages alongside counts? (default: TRUE)
show_unique_only	Logical: show counts only for unique elements? (default: FALSE)
scaled	Logical: scale circles by set size? (default: FALSE)
title	Optional plot title
interactive	Logical: create interactive plot? (default: FALSE)
...	Additional arguments passed to ggplot2 functions

Value

A ggplot2 or plotly object

Author(s)

Kai Guo

vennEnrichment*Perform enrichment analysis on set intersections*

Description

Performs enrichment analysis to identify overrepresented categories in set intersections

Usage

```
vennEnrichment(  
  object,  
  annotation,  
  id_col,  
  category_col,  
  subsets = NULL,  
  min_overlap = 3,  
  adjust.method = "BH",  
  sig_threshold = 0.05  
)
```

Arguments

object	A Venn object
annotation	A data frame with annotation data (e.g., Gene Ontology terms)
id_col	Column in the annotation data frame containing identifiers matching elements in the Venn object
category_col	Column in the annotation data frame containing category information
subsets	Character vector of subset names to analyze (default: NULL, all subsets)
min_overlap	Minimum number of elements a category must share with a subset (default: 3)
adjust.method	Method for multiple testing correction (default: "BH")
sig_threshold	Significance threshold for p-values (default: 0.05)

Value

A data.frame with enrichment analysis results

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
# Create a Venn object with gene sets  
A <- sample(1:1000, 100, replace = FALSE)  
B <- sample(1:1000, 150, replace = FALSE)  
C <- sample(1:1000, 120, replace = FALSE)  
res <- vennndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))  
  
# Create simulated annotation data  
gene_ids <- 1:1000
```

```
categories <- sample(c("Category1", "Category2", "Category3", "Category4"),
  1000, replace = TRUE)
anno <- data.frame(GeneID = gene_ids, Category = categories)

# Perform enrichment analysis
enrichment <- vennEnrichment(res, anno, "GeneID", "Category")
```

vennpie

*Create a Venn-pie visualization***Description**

Creates a pie-chart-like visualization of set intersections

Vennpie uses the venn object and to creates a figure in the form of a venn pie diagram rather than a traditional venn diagram. Users can highlight a specific sections of the venn pie.

Usage

```
vennpie(
  object,
  subset = NULL,
  top = 31,
  min = 0,
  color = NULL,
  revcolor = "lightgrey",
  any = NULL,
  show.number = TRUE,
  show.x = TRUE,
  sep = "_",
  log = FALSE,
  base = NULL,
  percentage = FALSE,
  title = NULL,
  interactive = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'Venn'
vennpie(
  object,
  subset = NULL,
  top = 31,
  min = 0,
  color = NULL,
  revcolor = "lightgrey",
  any = NULL,
  show.number = TRUE,
  show.x = TRUE,
  sep = "_",
  log = FALSE,
  base = NULL,
```



```
    percentage = FALSE
  )
```

Arguments

object	Venn object
subset	Character vector giving the subset users want to highlight.
top	number of subsets with largest to display (default: 31)
min	The minimum number of input groups that a subset must belong to e.g. min = 2 will only report those subsets with elements shared by 2 or more input groups.
color	Character vector giving the colors of the subsets.
revcolor	Character giving the color for the non-selected subsets.
any	Number to indicate selected subsets, such as 1 means any unique subsets, 2 means any subsets shared by two groups.
show.number	Boolean indicating whether to display the element numbers of the subsets or not (default: TRUE).
show.x	Boolean indicating whether to show subset labels outside the circle (default: TRUE).
sep	Character string used to separate the terms when concatenating group names into new column names (colnames).
log	Boolean indicating whether to transform the data in log scale .
base	Base value for log transformation.
percentage	Boolean indicating whether to display subset percentages (default: FALSE).
title	Optional plot title
interactive	Logical: create interactive plot?
...	Additional arguments

Value

A ggplot2 or plotly object
vennpie figure

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
res <- vennndetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
vennpie(res)
```

vennpie, Venn-method *Create a Venn-pie visualization*

Description

Creates a pie-chart-like visualization of set intersections, which is particularly useful for visualizing more than 5 sets

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Venn'
vennpie(
  object,
  subset = NULL,
  top = 31,
  min = 0,
  color = NULL,
  revcolor = "lightgrey",
  any = NULL,
  show.number = TRUE,
  show.x = TRUE,
  sep = "_",
  log = FALSE,
  base = NULL,
  percentage = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

object	A Venn object
subset	Character vector of subset names to highlight
top	Maximum number of subsets to display. Default: 31
min	Minimum number of sets an element must be in. Default: 0
color	Optional vector of colors for the subsets
revcolor	Color for non-highlighted subsets. Default: "lightgrey"
any	Highlight subsets shared by exactly this many sets
show.number	Logical: show counts in labels? Default: TRUE
show.x	Logical: show subset labels? Default: TRUE
sep	Character separator for subset names
log	Logical: use log scale for counts? Default: FALSE
base	Base for log transformation if log=TRUE
percentage	Logical: show percentages instead of counts? Default: FALSE
title	Optional plot title
interactive	Logical: create interactive plot? Default: FALSE
...	Additional arguments

Value

A ggplot2 or plotly object

Author(s)

Kai Guo

vennStats

Perform statistical tests on set intersections

Description

Performs statistical tests to evaluate the significance of set intersections

Usage

```
vennStats(
  object,
  universe = NULL,
  method = c("hypergeometric", "permutation"),
  nperm = 1000,
  adjust.method = "BH",
  include_singles = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

object	A Venn object
universe	Size of the universe for hypergeometric test. Default: NULL (will use the union of all sets)
method	Statistical method to use: "hypergeometric" or "permutation". Default: "hypergeometric"
nperm	Number of permutations if method="permutation". Default: 1000
adjust.method	Method for multiple testing correction. Default: "BH"
include_singles	Logical: include tests for single sets? Default: FALSE

Value

A data.frame with statistical test results

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
A <- sample(1:1000, 100, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:1000, 150, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:1000, 120, replace = FALSE)
res <- vennDetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))
stats <- vennStats(res)
```

vennStats, Venn-method *Perform statistical tests on set intersections*

Description

Performs statistical tests to evaluate the significance of set intersections

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Venn'
vennStats(
  object,
  universe = NULL,
  method = c("hypergeometric", "permutation"),
  nperm = 1000,
  adjust.method = "BH",
  include_singles = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

object	A Venn object
universe	Size of the universe for hypergeometric test (default: NULL, will use the union of all sets)
method	Statistical method to use: "hypergeometric" or "permutation" (default: "hypergeometric")
nperm	Number of permutations if method="permutation" (default: 1000)
adjust.method	Method for multiple testing correction (default: "BH")
include_singles	Logical: include tests for single sets? (default: FALSE)

Value

A data.frame with statistical test results

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
# Create a Venn object
A <- sample(1:1000, 100, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:1000, 150, replace = FALSE)
C <- sample(1:1000, 120, replace = FALSE)
res <- vennDetail(list(A = A, B = B, C = C))

# Perform statistical tests
stats <- vennStats(res)

# With custom universe size
```

```
stats <- vennStats(res, universe = 2000)

# Using permutation test
stats <- vennStats(res, method = "permutation", nperm = 500)
```

[.Venn

*Subset a Venn object***Description**

Extract rows and/or columns from the result data frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Venn'
x[i, j]
```

Arguments

x	A Venn object
i	Row indices
j	Column indices or names

Value

A subset of the result data frame

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
# Create a Venn object
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B))

# Extract the first 5 rows
res[1:5, ]

# Extract a specific column
res[, "Subset"]
```

\$.Venn	<i>Extract a column from a Venn object</i>
---------	--

Description

Extract a column from the result data frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'Venn'  
x$name
```

Arguments

x	A Venn object
name	Column name

Value

A vector with the column values

Author(s)

Kai Guo

Examples

```
# Create a Venn object  
A <- sample(1:100, 40, replace = FALSE)  
B <- sample(1:100, 60, replace = FALSE)  
res <- venndetail(list(A = A, B = B))  
  
# Extract the Subset column  
res$Subset
```

Index

- * **classes**
 - Venn-class, [49](#)
- * **datasets**
 - T2DM, [39](#)
- * **internal**
 - .findOverlap, [5](#)
 - .vennDiagram, [6](#)
 - add_prefix, [7](#)
 - add_rownames_column, [7](#)
 - make_truth_table, [21](#)
 - set_rownames, [35](#)
- * **package**
 - VennDetail-package, [3](#)
- .add_colnames, [4](#)
- .findOverlap, [5](#)
- .make.table, [5](#)
- .vennDiagram, [6](#)
- [.Venn, [61](#)
- \$.Venn, [62](#)
- add_prefix, [7](#)
- add_rownames_column, [7](#)
- as.data.frame.Venn, [8](#)
- compareVenn, [8](#)
- create_interactive_vennpie, [9](#)
- detail, [10](#)
- detail,Venn-method, [11](#)
- detail,Venn-method(detail), [10](#)
- dim.Venn, [12](#)
- dplot, [12](#)
- dplot,Venn-method, [13](#)
- getFeature, [14](#)
- getFeature Venn(getFeature), [14](#)
- getFeature,Venn-method, [16](#)
- getSet, [17](#)
- getSet,Venn-method, [18](#)
- getSet,Venn-method(getSet), [17](#)
- head.Venn, [18](#)
- loadVenn, [19](#)
- make.subset, [20](#)
- make_subset, [21](#)
- make_truth_table, [21](#)
- merge.Venn, [22](#), [23](#)
- names.Venn, [23](#)
- newVenn, [24](#)
- plot.Venn, [25](#)
- result, [30](#)
- result,Venn-method, [31](#)
- result,Venn-method(result), [30](#)
- rowjoin, [32](#)
- rowjoin,data.frame,data.frame-method, [33](#)
- rowjoin,data.frame,data.frame-method(rowjoin), [32](#)
- saveVenn, [33](#)
- set_rownames, [35](#)
- setcolor, [34](#)
- show Venn, [36](#)
- show,Venn-method, [36](#)
- show,Venn-method(show Venn), [36](#)
- summary.Venn, [37](#), [38](#)
- T2DM, [39](#)
- tail.Venn, [39](#)
- upset_plot, [46](#)
- upsetPlot, [40](#)
- upsetPlot,Venn-method, [43](#)
- Venn-class, [49](#)
- vennApp, [50](#)
- VennDetail(VennDetail-package), [3](#)
- venndetail, [51](#)
- VennDetail-package, [3](#)
- vennDiagram, [52](#)
- vennDiagram,Venn-method, [53](#)
- vennEnrichment, [55](#)
- vennpie, [56](#)
- vennpie,Venn-method, [58](#)
- vennStats, [59](#)
- vennStats,Venn-method, [60](#)