

Package ‘tpSVG’

October 16, 2025

Title Thin plate models to detect spatially variable genes

Version 1.4.0

Description The goal of `tpSVG` is to detect and visualize spatial variation in the gene expression for spatially resolved transcriptomics data analysis. Specifically, `tpSVG` introduces a family of count-based models, with generalizable parametric assumptions such as Poisson distribution or negative binomial distribution. In addition, comparing to currently available count-based model for spatially resolved data analysis, the `tpSVG` models improves computational time, and hence greatly improves the applicability of count-based models in SRT data analysis.

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URL <https://github.com/boyiguol/tpSVG>

BugReports <https://github.com/boyiguol/tpSVG/issues>

biocViews Spatial, Transcriptomics, GeneExpression, Software, StatisticalMethod, DimensionReduction, Regression, Preprocessing

Encoding UTF-8

Depends mgcv, R (>= 4.4)

Roxygen list(markdown = TRUE)

RoxygenNote 7.2.3

Imports stats, BiocParallel, MatrixGenerics, methods, SingleCellExperiment, SummarizedExperiment, SpatialExperiment

Suggests BiocStyle, knitr, nnSVG, rmarkdown, scrn, scuttle, STexampleData, escheR, ggpubr, colorspace, BumpyMatrix, sessioninfo, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

VignetteBuilder knitr

Config/testthat/edition 3

git_url <https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/tpSVG>

git_branch RELEASE_3_21

git_last_commit 6d6c7fb

git_last_commit_date 2025-04-15
Repository Bioconductor 3.21
Date/Publication 2025-10-15
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tpSVG	<i>Thin Plate Spline Model to Detect Spatially Variable Genes</i>
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Description

Thin Plate Spline Model to Detect Spatially Variable Genes

Usage

```
tpSVG(  
  input,  
  spatial_coords = NULL,  
  X = NULL,  
  family = poisson(),  
  offset = log(input$sizeFactor),  
  weights = NULL,  
  assay_name = "counts",  
  n_threads = 1,  
  BPPARAM = NULL,  
  verbose = FALSE,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

input	SpatialExperiment or numeric matrix: Input data, which can either be a SpatialExperiment object or a numeric matrix of values. If it is a SpatialExperiment object, it is assumed to have an assay slot containing either logcounts (e.g. from the scran package) or deviance residuals (e.g. from the scry package), and a spatialCoords slot containing spatial coordinates of the measurements. If it is
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	a numeric matrix, the values are assumed to already be normalized and transformed (e.g. logcounts), formatted as rows = genes and columns = spots, and a separate numeric matrix of spatial coordinates must also be provided with the <code>spatial_coords</code> argument.
<code>spatial_coords</code>	numeric matrix: Matrix containing columns of spatial coordinates, formatted as rows = spots. This must be provided if input is provided as a numeric matrix of values, and is ignored if input is provided as a <code>SpatialExperiment</code> object. Default = NULL.
<code>X</code>	numeric matrix: Optional design matrix containing columns of covariates per spatial location, e.g. known spatial domains. Number of rows must match the number of spatial locations. Default = NULL, which fits an intercept-only model.
<code>family</code>	a description of the error distribution and link function to be used in the model. Currently support two distributions <code>poisson</code> and <code>gaussian</code>
<code>offset</code>	This can be used to account for technician variation when <code>family = poisson</code> model is used to model raw counts. <code>offset</code> should take in the log-transformed scale factor, e.g. <code>offset = log(spe\$sizeFactor)</code> , library size, or other normalization factor.
<code>weights</code>	Reserved for future development, e.g. correcting mean-var relationship for Gaussian models. Please use with caution.
<code>assay_name</code>	character: If input is provided as a <code>SpatialExperiment</code> object, this argument selects the name of the assay slot in the input object containing the pre-processed gene expression values. For example, <code>logcounts</code> for log-transformed normalized counts from the <code>scrna</code> package, or <code>binomial_deviance_residuals</code> for deviance residuals from the <code>scry</code> package. Default = "logcounts", or ignored if input is provided as a numeric matrix of values.
<code>n_threads</code>	integer: Number of threads for parallelization. Default = 1. We recommend setting this equal to the number of cores available (if working on a laptop or desktop) or around 10 or more (if working on a compute cluster).
<code>BPPARAM</code>	<code>BiocParallelParam</code> : Optional additional argument for parallelization. This argument is provided for advanced users of <code>BiocParallel</code> for further flexibility for parallelization on some operating systems. If provided, this should be an instance of <code>BiocParallelParam</code> . For most users, the recommended option is to use the <code>n_threads</code> argument instead. Default = NULL, in which case <code>n_threads</code> will be used instead.
<code>verbose</code>	logical: Whether to display verbose output for model fitting and parameter estimation from BRISC. Default = FALSE.
<code>...</code>	Reserved for future arguments.

Value

If the input was provided as a `SpatialExperiment` object, the output values are returned as additional columns in the `rowData` slot of the input object. If the input was provided as a numeric matrix of values, the output is returned as a numeric matrix. The output values include p-values without any adjustment and statistics reporting reporting the thinplate spline model. The `test_stat` entry of the returned object is the test statistic for the corresponding model, that is F statistics for the gaussian model and the Chi-squared statistics for generalized models.

Examples

```
library(SpatialExperiment)
library(STexampleData)
library(scran)
library(nnSVG)

# load example dataset from STexampleData package
spe <- Visium_humanDLPFC()

# preprocessing steps

# keep only spots over tissue
spe <- spe[, colData(spe)$in_tissue == 1]

# skip spot-level quality control, since this has been performed previously
# on this dataset
# Add library size
spe <- addPerCellQCMetrics(spe)

# filter low-expressed and mitochondrial genes
spe <- filter_genes(spe)

# calculate logcounts (log-transformed normalized counts) using scran package
# using library size factors
spe <- computeLibraryFactors(spe)
spe <- logNormCounts(spe)

# select small number of genes for faster runtime in this example
set.seed(123)
ix <- sample(seq_len(nrow(spe)), 4)
spe <- spe[ix, ]

# run tpSVG
set.seed(123)

# Gaussian Model
spe_gaus <- tpSVG(
  spe,
  family = gaussian(),
  assay_name = "logcounts"
)

# Poisson Model
spe_poisson <- tpSVG(
  spe,
  family = poisson,
  assay_name = "counts",
  offset = log(spe$sizeFactor) # Natural log library size
)
```

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